Part 10

Environment

Introduction

The Environment portfolio works to create better places for the community with a quality environment. It provides facilities and experiences for the community to enjoy and appreciate Western Australia's natural landscapes and attractions, including Kings Park and Bold Park, Rottnest Island, Perth Zoo, Swan and Canning Riverpark, national parks and other lands and waters. Importantly, the portfolio delivers effective regulation to protect the environment and ensure investment and development is underpinned by sustainable management of the State's resources for the long-term benefit of the State.

Summary of Recurrent and Asset Investment Expenditure

Agency	2020-21 Estimated Actual \$'000	2021-22 Budget Estimate \$'000
Water and Environmental Regulation		
- Total Cost of Services	177,307	254,636
Asset Investment Program	11,529	30,049
Biodiversity, Conservation and Attractions		
- Total Cost of Services	421,782	472,037
Asset Investment Program	62,996	118,477

Ministerial Responsibilities

Minister	Agency	Services
Minister for Water; Forestry;		Water Information and Advice
Youth	Regulation	2. Water Planning, Allocation and Optimisation
		3. Water Regulation, Licensing and Industry Governance
Minister for Water; Forestry; Youth	Water and Environmental Regulation	5. Water and Environment Policy
Minister for Environment; Climate Change; Commerce		
Minister for Environment;	Water and Environmental	4. Environmental Regulation
Climate Change; Commerce	Regulation	6. Waste Strategies
		 Environmental Impact Assessment Services to the Environmental Protection Authority (EPA)
		8. Environmental Management Services to the EPA
		9. Compliance Monitoring Services to the Minister
	Biodiversity, Conservation	Visitor Services and Public Programs Provided at Kings Park and Bold Park
	and Attractions	3. Visitor Services and Public Programs Provided at Perth Zoo
		4. Visitor Services and Public Programs Provided in the Swan and Canning Riverpar
		Visitor Services and Public Programs Provided in the National Parks and Other Lands and Waters
		6. Conserving Habitats, Species and Ecological Communities
		7. Research and Conservation Partnerships
		8. Implementation of the Forest Management Plan
		9. Prescribed Burning and Fire Management
		10. Bushfire Suppression
Minister for Tourism; Culture and the Arts; Heritage	Biodiversity, Conservation and Attractions	2. Visitor Services and Public Programs Provided at Rottnest Island

Division 42 Water and Environmental Regulation

Part 10 Environment

Appropriations, Expenses and Cash Assets

	2019-20 Actual \$'000	2020-21 Budget \$'000	2020-21 Estimated Actual \$'000	2021-22 Budget Estimate \$'000	2022-23 Forward Estimate \$'000	2023-24 Forward Estimate \$'000	2024-25 Forward Estimate \$'000
DELIVERY OF SERVICES Item 83 Net amount appropriated to deliver services	81,488	105,223	102,916	117,781	116,500	106,551	96,918
Amount Authorised by Other Statutes - Salaries and Allowances Act 1975	402	402	402	402	403	404	405
Total appropriations provided to deliver services	81,890	105,625	103,318	118,183	116,903	106,955	97,323
CAPITAL Item 145 Capital Appropriation	6,007	7,855	7,934	11,791	14,645	6,847	6,848
TOTAL APPROPRIATIONS	87,897	113,480	111,252	129,974	131,548	113,802	104,171
EXPENSES Total Cost of Services Net Cost of Services (a) (b) CASH ASSETS (c)	182,566 66,645 75,238	206,274 74,104 52,776	177,307 49,523 84,815	254,636 109,595 71,469	237,069 90,695 62,287	210,500 73,110 59,006	199,359 62,897 56,766

⁽a) Changes to Treasurer's instruction 1102: Statements of Comprehensive Income since the 2020-21 Budget may have increased the Net Cost of Services compared to previously published Budgets.

⁽b) Represents Total Cost of Services (expenses) less retained revenues applied to the agency's services. Reconciliation to the 'Total appropriations provided to deliver services' includes adjustments related to movements in cash balances and other accrual items such as resources received free of charge, receivables, payables and superannuation.

⁽c) As at 30 June each financial year.

Spending Changes

Recurrent spending changes, other than cashflow timing changes and non-discretionary accounting adjustments, impacting on the Department's Income Statement since presentation of the 2020-21 Budget to Parliament on 8 October 2020, are outlined below:

	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25
	Estimated	Budget	Forward	Forward	Forward
	Actual	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate	Estimate
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
Election Commitments					
Ban on E-Waste to Landfill	-	720	2,906	8,122	2,252
Carbon Innovation Grants Program	-	570	1,953	3,408	4,707
Implementing the Peel-Harvey Estuary Protection Plan	-	1,250	1,250	1,250	1,250
Small Election Commitments - Greening Our Community	-	1,000	-	-	-
New Initiatives					
Commonwealth Funding - National Partnership on Recycling Infrastructure	5,000	12,500	16,500	1,000	-
Electric Vehicle Strategy	20	20	20	20	-
Resourcing for Industry Regulation Assessments and Licences	833	815	-	-	-
Western Australia Regulatory Approvals Framework - Short-term					
Resourcing Relief	465	465	-	-	-
Western Australian Climate Policy	274	1,835	1,739	1,134	311
Whole-of-Government Regulatory Approvals	-	9,657	11,365	10,229	8,840
Ongoing Initiative					
Commonwealth Funding - National On-farm Emergency Water					
Infrastructure Rebate Scheme	2,620	-	-	-	-
Environment Online - Funding Reclassification	2,200	-	-	-	-
Establishing and Maintaining Vegetation Offsets Account		1,000	1,000		-
Insourcing of Information Technology and Cybersecurity	(566)	(595)	(626)	(665)	(709)
Pilbara Environmental Offsets Fund	(3,385)	1,224	422	1,175	1,179
Rural Water Planning Program	(2,458)	2,100	1,100	1,100	1,100
Other	(0.4.0.40)				
2020-21 Estimated Outturn Adjustment	(24,640)	13,207		-	-
Adjustments to Commonwealth Grants - Indian Ocean Territories	117	117	117	61	-
Revenue Adjustments	(4.000)	(0.407)	(0.004)	(0.044)	
Environment Fees and Fines	(1,999)	(2,497)	(2,321)	(2,811)	-
Water Fees and Fines	231	231	198	(161)	-
Water Monitoring of the Swan and Canning Rivers - Costs Transferred to	(4.000)	(4.400)	(4.400)	(4.400)	(4.400)
the Department of Biodiversity, Conservation and Attractions	(1,033)	(1,429)	(1,429)	(1,429)	(1,429)
Wooroloo Bushfire - Residential Clean-up Program	-	10,800	-	-	-

Significant Issues Impacting the Agency

Climate Change

- 1. Addressing the impacts of climate change is a significant priority for the Government and the Department. The Department coordinates climate change policy and oversees the implementation of the Western Australian Climate Policy and State Electric Vehicle Strategy to deliver the Government's commitments for enhanced climate resilience and a low carbon, clean energy State. Actions include new emissions reduction plans for State agencies and Government Trading Enterprises, and the development of sectoral emissions reduction strategies to support the low carbon transition across the Western Australian economy. To drive further innovation in low emissions energy solutions and carbon sequestration, the Department is also implementing the Clean Energy Future Fund and the new Carbon Innovation Grants program. The \$15 million Carbon Innovation Grants program will fund research and innovation trials to increase opportunities in Western Australia to utilise carbon sequestration and carbon capture, utilisation and storage.
- 2. The Western Australian Climate Policy also sets out a suite of initiatives to support adaptation planning and climate resilience. The \$3.1 million Climate Science Initiative will provide a comprehensive picture of how future global emissions scenarios will affect Western Australia's climate. This is critical to help government, business and communities manage climate risk and increase resilience, and build the case for sustainable and timely emissions reduction.

3. This work will also be supported by the proposed Native Vegetation Policy for Western Australia, which recognises native vegetation's role in mitigating climate change and the need to manage its impacts to native vegetation. The Government will release a consultation draft in early 2021-22. The policy will also drive improved strategic coordination, consistency and transparency in the Government's management and protection of native vegetation, along with an improved evidence base for policy and decision-making.

Addressing Impacts of Climate Change on Water Resources and Availability

- 4. Addressing the impacts of climate change on the State's water resources, particularly in the South West of the State, is a key focus of the Department's activities. With less water available from traditional sources, meeting the water demands of a growing population and economy is increasingly reliant on improvements to water use efficiency, water trading and development of alternative non-potable water sources.
- 5. Climate change modelling underpins the Department's water allocation planning activities. Climate change projections will continue to be updated with the most recent data and modelling techniques and will be incorporated in all water planning activities. This modelling will help to define implications for water availability and reliability, as well as for the State's unique environments.
- 6. An example of this work is the draft Gnangara groundwater allocation plan, which the Department is finalising for public consultation. The plan will be the first water allocation plan that will adjust groundwater allocations in line with the impacts climate change is having on rainfall and recharge.
- 7. Work to reform Western Australia's water resources legislation is also underway. Six pieces of water legislation, some dating back over 100 years, will be consolidated into one modern statute. This will provide the legislative tools needed to manage water resources with high demand for water from competing users, including the environment. This reform will deliver an important action outlined in the Western Australian Climate Policy.

Western Australia's Economic Growth and Regulatory Approvals

- 8. Growth in Western Australia's mining, oil and gas, and renewable sectors has been significant, with the Department experiencing a surge in the number of proposals, works approvals and licence applications. In particular, demand for approvals for strategically important mining and mineral exploration has increased in recent years. During the last financial year, the Environmental Protection Authority experienced an increase of 45% in the number of proposals referred and the Department experienced a 30% increase in the number of industry regulation applications received. During the COVID-19 pandemic, the Department performed an internal pivot to direct resources where they were most required and supported the regulatory functions so that business could continue as close to normal as possible.
- 9. To address the increase in demand for approvals, the Government has committed \$40.1 million between 2021-22 and 2024-25 for 50.5 full-time equivalents (FTEs) to manage the significant volume of new and existing applications for industry regulation and environmental approvals, and three FTEs to support the Streamline WA reform program. An additional 17 temporary FTEs have also been provided to support the development of subsidiary legislation to implement the *Environmental Protection Amendment Act 2020*, as well as to enable support for subject matter experts to be allocated to the Environment Online program.

Environmental Protection Amendment Act 2020

10. The *Environmental Protection Amendment Act 2020* will result in the most significant reform to the State's environmental legislation in more than 30 years. It modernises the *Environmental Protection Act 1986* and will improve regulatory efficiency and effectiveness while ensuring the protection of important environmental values, improve investigation and enforcement powers and facilitate the implementation of bilateral agreements with the Commonwealth Government. Work is proceeding to implement these changes.

Environment Online

11. Environment Online will be Western Australia's digital 'one-stop shop' platform for water and environmental regulation. Importantly, it will also remove duplication by linking with Commonwealth environmental approvals.

- 12. This digitised environmental regulation and assessment platform will create a more seamless and unified user experience for industry, developers, the community and government staff. It will also reduce approvals timeframes and enable proactive compliance management by creating better links between the steps in the regulatory cycle. The 2021-22 financial year will see the completion of the design and procurement phases of this project, followed by commencement of the build and delivery of the first two of seven online releases, comprising environmental impact assessments and industry regulation.
- 13. Environment Online supports the objectives of the Government's Streamline WA initiative, including the Statement of Expectations, the Digital Environmental Assessment Program (a Commonwealth-State collaboration), the Department's regulatory reform and the COVID-19 Response.

Improving Aboriginal Inclusion in Water Planning and Management Planning

- 14. There is increasing recognition of the importance of including Aboriginal people in water management and planning and for ensuring current and future Aboriginal cultural, social and economic development opportunities are incorporated upfront in the Department's water allocation planning activities.
- 15. This will be given effect through future water allocation plans, which will include greater recognition of Traditional Owners' connection to country and water, strong consultation requirements for any development and water licence applications, protection of the cultural values associated with water and natural flow regimes, and establishment of water reserves for Aboriginal people's economic use.
- 16. Last year, the Government finalised the Yamatji Nation Indigenous Land Use Agreement 2020. It included 25 GL/year of groundwater in an Aboriginal water reserve that will be complemented by a groundwater investigation, drilling and licensing program. This agreement also included other water-related items, including training for water monitors and the documentation and restoration of important water-related cultural sites. Further impetus for greater inclusion of Aboriginal people in water planning and initiatives, like Aboriginal water reserves, has been provided through the National Agreement on Closing the Gap announced in July 2020.

Bindjareb Djilba - A Plan for the Protection of the Peel-Harvey Estuary

17. The Government has committed \$5 million over four years to support the implementation of Bindjareb Djilba, a plan for the protection of the Peel-Harvey Estuary. This investment builds on the \$4 million committed to the Peel-Harvey Estuary through the Healthy Estuaries WA program announced as part of the COVID-19 Response. This is a whole-of-catchment, whole-of-government strategy outlining a series of actions that, when taken together, will lead to improvements in water quality. It provides a once-in-a-decade opportunity to work in new ways, linking land use planning and development to water quality outcomes while supporting community and environmental needs.

Rural Water Program

- 18. The southern half of Western Australia is being hit particularly hard by the impacts of climate change, presenting long-term water security challenges for farmers in the regions. In response, the Government announced investment in upgrading or recommissioning 70 strategic community water supplies to provide vital, non-potable water supplies accessible by farmers in dry years.
- 19. The Community Water Supply Program in partnership with local government authorities will continue, with the Government assisting shires in low-rainfall areas to establish and enhance non-potable water supplies. This will assist agricultural communities adapt to the impacts of declining rainfall and climate change.
- 20. The Government continues to engage with the Commonwealth to match State contributions towards these projects. Receipt of Commonwealth funding will be reflected in future Budget Papers.

Plan for Plastics

21. On 13 June 2021, the Government announced it would fast-track its Plan for Plastics by four years with single-use plastic bowls, cups, plates, cutlery, stirrers, straws, polystyrene food containers, thick plastic bags and helium balloon releases to be banned by the end of 2021 and the remainder of items by the end of 2022. Western Australia was rated the leading jurisdiction in Australia for action on single-use plastics by WWF-Australia. A Single-Use Plastics Working Group of stakeholders has been established and consultation with the community and industry is continuing. The Department is also partnering with industry to support retailers and suppliers to adapt to the bans.

Waste Reforms

- 22. The Department is progressing waste reform including Closing the loop: Waste reforms for a circular economy; Waste not, want not: Valuing waste as a resource; the statutory review of the *Waste Avoidance* and Resource Recovery Act 2007; and the review of the waste levy. Consultation was undertaken on these reforms in 2020, with submission periods closing from July to December. The Department has analysed the submissions received and is preparing advice to Government.
- 23. The State and Commonwealth Governments announced their joint commitment to improve recycling capacity in Western Australia, offering \$70 million in joint funding through the National Partnership on Recycling Infrastructure. This funding demonstrates the Government's commitment to improve waste recovery and provide support in response to the former Council of Australian Governments' decision to ban the export of waste glass, tyres, plastics and paper/cardboard. The funding supports private investment in recycling infrastructure through grants administered by the Department. It will enable processing of approximately 140,000 tonnes of Western Australian plastic and tyre waste each year, and up to 100,000 tonnes of wastepaper and cardboard. This work supports the Western Australian Waste Avoidance and Resource Recovery Strategy 2030.
- 24. In line with its 2021 election commitment, the Government is also delivering a State-wide ban on e-waste being disposed to landfill by 2024. Funding of \$14 million has been announced for the implementation of the e-waste landfill ban, which includes support for policy and regulatory changes and grants for new e-waste collection and recycling infrastructure.

Green Jobs

- 25. The Government's Green Jobs Plan is being coordinated by the Department. This plan will create more than 1,000 conservation jobs and is part of the COVID-19 Response and includes:
 - 25.1. the \$15 million Native Vegetation Rehabilitation Scheme;
 - 25.2. the \$8 million Offsets Funds for Recovery program; and
 - 25.3. \$25 million for the Healthy Estuaries WA program.
- 26. The Green Jobs Plan will provide employment opportunities for people who have been impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic, including people in regional areas, Aboriginal people, youth, women, and people with disabilities. This plan will also achieve good outcomes for the environment and water resources and help to protect and conserve Western Australia's flora and fauna.

Resource Agreement

The following performance information (financial and non-financial) is the subject of a Resource Agreement signed by the Minister, Accountable Authority and Treasurer under Part 3, Division 5 of the *Financial Management Act 2006*.

Outcomes, Services and Key Performance Information

Relationship to Government Goals

Broad government goals are supported at agency level by specific outcomes. Agencies deliver services to achieve these outcomes. The following table illustrates the relationship between the Department's services, the desired outcomes and the relevant Government Goal. The key effectiveness indicators measure the extent of impact of the delivery of services on the achievement of desired outcomes. The key efficiency indicators monitor the relationship between the service delivered and the resources used to produce the service.

Government Goal	Desired Outcomes	Services
Growing Our Communities: Protecting our environment with thriving suburbs and regions.	Western Australia's growth and development is supported by the sustainable management of water resources for the long-term benefit of the State.	Water Information and Advice Water Planning, Allocation and Optimisation Water Regulation, Licensing and Industry Governance
	Emissions, discharges and clearing of native vegetation are effectively regulated to avoid unacceptable risks to public health and the environment.	4. Environmental Regulation
	Development and implementation of strategic policy and legislation that promoted sustainable environmental outcomes.	5. Water and Environment Policy
	Waste avoided and the recovery of materials from landfill maximised.	6. Waste Strategies
	Quality advice to the Environmental Protection Authority (EPA) and Minister for Environment (the Minister) on significant proposals and environmental issues.	7. Environmental Impact Assessment Services to the EPA 8. Environmental Management Services to the EPA
	Compliance with Ministerial statement implementation conditions are monitored effectively.	9. Compliance Monitoring Services to the Minister

Service Summary

Expense	2019-20 Actual \$'000	2020-21 Budget \$'000	2020-21 Estimated Actual \$'000	2021-22 Budget Estimate \$'000	2022-23 Forward Estimate \$'000	2023-24 Forward Estimate \$'000	2024-25 Forward Estimate \$'000
Water Information and Advice Water Planning, Allocation and	37,080	43,882	31,721	37,628	36,296	34,503	33,434
Optimisation	33,715	47,022	30,147	37,156	37,305	34,966	36,163
Governance	16,839	16,287	15,551	15,322	16,635	14,523	13,638
4. Environmental Regulation	34,227	32,456	38,428	51,653	41,202	35,865	34,921
5. Water and Environment Policy	12,981	17,385	13,272	27,735	24,252	24,457	24,283
6. Waste Strategies	29,172	32,834	27,848	60,222	56,617	44,324	36,353
7. Environmental Impact Assessment							
Services to the EPA	12,496	11,256	13,699	16,323	17,677	16,024	15,129
8. Environmental Management Services to							
the EPA	3,166	2,728	4,185	4,996	4,441	3,482	3,258
9. Compliance Monitoring Services to the							
Minister	2,890	2,424	2,456	3,601	2,644	2,356	2,180
Total Cost of Services	182,566	206,274	177,307	254,636	237,069	210,500	199,359

Outcomes and Key Effectiveness Indicators (a)

	2019-20 Actual	2020-21 Budget	2020-21 Estimated Actual	2021-22 Budget Target	Note
Outcome: Western Australia's growth and development is supported by the sustainable management of water resources for the long-term benefit of the State:					
Proportion of stakeholders who perceive the Department to be effectively managing the State's water as a resource for sustainable, productive use	55%	55%	62%	62%	
Proportion of priority growth areas that have a water supply planning strategy	77%	100%	100%	14%	1
Outcome: Emissions, discharges and clearing of native vegetation are effectively regulated to avoid unacceptable risks to public health and the environment:					
Percentage of regulatory compliance activities completed as planned	96%	100%	100%	100%	
Percentage of potential environmental risks identified during compliance monitoring program that are rectified within two months	43%	40%	20%	40%	2
Outcome: Development and implementation of strategic policy and legislation that promoted sustainable environmental outcomes:					
Percentage of advice and recommendations that met Ministerial approval, without the need for significant modification	86%	95%	92%	95%	
Outcome: Waste avoided and the recovery of materials from landfill maximised:					
Percentage of municipal solid waste reported as diverted from landfill through recycling compared to the waste strategy target in the Perth metropolitan region	34%	40%	31%	65%	3
Percentage of commercial and industrial waste reported as diverted from landfill through recycling compared to the State-wide waste strategy target	51%	45%	44%	70%	4
Percentage of construction and demolition waste reported as diverted from landfill through recycling compared to the State-wide waste strategy target	81%	75%	81%	75%	
Outcome: Quality advice to the EPA and Minister for Environment (the Minister) on significant proposals and environmental issues:					
The EPA's satisfaction with the Office of the Environmental Protection Authority's (OEPA) environmental impact assessment (EIA) services, during the year, in line with best practice principles of EIA	97%	80%	96%	80%	5
Percentage of project-specific conditions which did not require significant change following the appeal process	95%	80%	98%	80%	6
Percentage of assessments that met agreed timelines	94%	75%	92%	75%	7
The EPA's satisfaction with the OEPA's provision of environmental management services during the year	95%	80%	94%	80%	8
Outcome: Compliance with Ministerial statement implementation conditions are monitored effectively:					
The number of Ministerial statements audited compared to targets	73%	100%	98%	100%	

⁽a) Further detail in support of the key effectiveness indicators is provided in the Department's Annual Report.

Explanation of Significant Movements

- 1. The 2019-20 Actual represents the second year of the three year cycle of the new priority growth areas, representing completion of the 10 priority growth areas out of the 13 over the period covering 2018-19 to 2020-21. The 2020-21 Estimated Actual represents the completion of all 13 priority growth areas over the period covering 2018-19 to 2020-21. The 2021-22 Budget Target represents target completion of one new priority growth area of the total seven planned in the next three year cycle of the new priority growth areas over the period covering 2021-22 to 2023-24.
- 2. During 2020-21, a total of 249 non-compliances were identified from inspections under the waste sector and the prescribed premises compliance monitoring programs. The target of 40% of non-compliances being closed within two calendar months was not achieved due to the compliance monitoring programs targeting inspections at areas of greatest risk. As a result, 20% of non-compliances were closed within the specified timeframe. A further 53% were closed in the reporting period, however, not within the target timeframe. The resolution of the identified non-compliances is often protracted, particularly if capital works are involved and rely upon work undertaken by third parties requiring longer than the two calendar month target timeframe.
- 3. The data used to calculate 2019-20 Actual is based on the published Recycling Activity in Western Australia 2018-19 report. The 2020-21 Estimated Actual is based on the draft Recycling Activity in Western Australia 2019-20. The 2021-22 Budget Target is based on Waste Strategy 2030 targets. These annual reports allow comparison of performance across years. The 2020-21 Estimated Actual shows a decrease over the 2019-20 Actual as two-bin kerbside waste services typically only divert about 20% of waste from landfill. The Government has promoted adoption of a three-bin model which can deliver municipal solid waste diversion rates greater than 50%. The roll-out of the Better Bins Plus: GO FOGO (food organics and garden organics) program and Better Bins program is expected to improve the waste collection infrastructure and continue to have a positive impact on diversion rates.
- 4. The data used to calculate 2019-20 Actual is based on the published Recycling Activity in Western Australia 2018-19 report. The 2020-21 Estimated Actual is based on draft the Recycling Activity in Western Australia 2019-20. The 2021-22 Budget Target is based on the Waste Strategy 2030 targets. These annual reports allow comparison of performance across years. Increases to the Waste Levy rate since 2015 have increased the cost of landfilling but led to a more limited response from the industry than expected. The Commercial and Industrial (C&I) waste recovery rate has remained largely unchanged over the past three years. Although organic waste already represents a significant proportion of recovered materials from the C&I stream, there are likely to be significant opportunities to improve performance against this target with increased recovery of this material type through better practices of waste minimisation, increased resource recovery and reduced contamination of recyclables and organics.
- 5. The Department strives to ensure that all advice provided to the EPA is as practical, efficient, rigorous, participative, and fit-for-purpose as possible. By achieving these goals this year, the indicator is expected to be exceeded by more than 10% in the 2020-21 Estimated Actual.
- 6. The Department strives to ensure the conditions recommended to the EPA are as robust and comprehensive as the project necessitates and therefore do not require substantial change by the Office of the Appeals Convenor. In line with this goal, this year the Department's recommended conditions required minimal substantial changes and exceeded this indicator by more than 10%.
- 7. The Department strives to ensure that assessments are completed in a timely manner and within the timelines published in EPA guidelines. In line with this goal, this year the indicator was exceeded by more than 10%.
- 8. This indicator rates the quality of advice on strategic advice, statutory policies or guidelines provided by the Department. The Department strives to ensure that all services provided have a clear purpose, and are as rigorous, readable, applicable, and consistent and informed by stakeholder input as possible. In line with this goal, in 2020-21 the indicator was exceeded by more than 10%.

Services and Key Efficiency Indicators

1. Water Information and Advice

The Department enables investment decisions of regional and State significance through the provision of data and information on the quantity, quality, location of, and demand for, water across the State. The information also underpins policy advice for consideration by Government and supports other government agencies and stakeholders in their planning for future economic growth and urban and rural development.

	2019-20 Actual	2020-21 Budget	2020-21 Estimated Actual	2021-22 Budget Target	Note
Total Cost of Service	\$'000 37,080 12,383	\$'000 43,882 12,361	\$'000 31,721 15,158	\$'000 37,628 15,632	1
Net Cost of Service Employees (Full-Time Equivalents)	24,697 140	31,521 141	16,563 124	21,996 135	2
Efficiency Indicators Proportion of statutory referrals from decision-making authorities where advice is provided within target timeframes	93% \$7,182 \$9,437	95% \$6,126 \$12,027	93% \$6,898 \$7,820	95% \$8,073 \$9,741	3 4

⁽a) Changes to Treasurer's instruction 1102: Statements of Comprehensive Income since the 2020-21 Budget have reclassified all sources of revenue from Government from the Net Cost of Service calculation. Accordingly, Net Cost of Service may be higher compared with previous Budget Papers.

Explanation of Significant Movements

- 1. The decrease in Total Cost of Service from the 2020-21 Budget to the 2020-21 Estimated Actual is due to changes in cost driver volumes with lower full-time equivalents (FTEs) and cost allocations impacting this service. The increase in Total Cost of Service from the 2020-21 Estimated Actual to the 2021-22 Budget Target is due to a deferral of grants and subsidies for Rural Water from 2020-21 to 2021-22.
- The decrease in FTEs between the 2020-21 Budget to the 2020-21 Estimated Actual is due to changes in FTE
 allocations with lower FTEs allocated to this service. The increase in FTEs from the 2020-21 Estimated Actual
 to the 2021-22 Budget Target mainly relates to additional resourcing for regulatory approvals and Rural Water
 Planning activities impacting FTEs allocated to this service.
- 3. The increase in Average cost per statutory referral assessment from the 2020-21 Budget to the 2020-21 Estimated Actual is due to changes in cost drivers impacting costs allocated to this indicator with a reduction in the total number of statutory and non-statutory referral assessments for advice. The increase in Average cost per statutory referral assessment from the 2020-21 Estimated Actual to the 2021-22 Budget Target is due to a higher cost allocation as well as a lower number of statutory referral assessments for advice.
- 4. The decrease in Average cost per water measurement site managed from 2020-21 Budget to 2020-21 Estimated Actual is driven by a reduction in cost allocations driven by deferral of costs to 2021-22 as well as a reduction in the number of operational measurement sites managed during the year. The increase in Average cost per water measurement site managed from 2020-21 Estimated Actual to 2021-22 Budget Target is mainly driven by a higher cost allocation.

2. Water Planning, Allocation and Optimisation

The Department undertakes and facilitates water planning, allocation and optimisation to ensure the sustainable management of water resources for the long-term benefit of the State relies on good science. This includes planning and allocating water for sustainable productive use, protecting public drinking water sources, and ensuring the sustainability of water resources and their dependent ecosystems.

	2019-20 Actual	2020-21 Budget	2020-21 Estimated Actual	2021-22 Budget Target	Note
Total Cost of Service	\$'000 33,715 10,293	\$'000 47,022 12,625	\$'000 30,147 11,595	\$'000 37,156 12,213	1
Net Cost of Service	23,422	34,397	18,552	24,943	
Employees (Full-Time Equivalents)	164	177	167	177	
Efficiency Indicators Average cost per plan, report or guidance document to support water planning, allocation and optimisation	\$348,488 \$161	\$241,146 \$269	\$194,169 \$152	\$212,216 \$196	2

⁽a) Changes to Treasurer's instruction 1102: Statements of Comprehensive Income since the 2020-21 Budget have reclassified all sources of revenue from Government from the Net Cost of Service calculation. Accordingly, Net Cost of Service may be higher compared with previous Budget Papers.

Explanation of Significant Movements

- The decrease in Total Cost of Service from the 2020-21 Budget to the 2020-21 Estimated Actual is due to changes
 in cost driver volumes and deferral of costs to 2021-22. The increase in Total Cost of Service from the
 2020-21 Estimated Actual to the 2021-22 Budget Target is mainly due to a deferral of the externally-funded
 Royalties for Regions programs for Healthy Estuaries WA and Watering WA from 2020-21 to 2021-22.
- 2. The reduction in the Average cost per hour of scientific support for water planning, allocation and optimisation from the 2020-21 Budget to the 2020-21 Estimated Actual is due to lower cost allocations as well as an increase in the amount of scientific support for water planning, allocation and optimisation for the sustainable management of water resources. The increase in the Average cost per hour of scientific support for water planning, allocation and optimisation from the 2020-21 Estimated Actual to the 2021-22 Budget Target is due to higher cost allocations.

3. Water Regulation, Licensing and Industry Governance

The Department is responsible for regulation to ensure that investment, growth and development is underpinned by sustainable management of the State's water resources for the long-term benefit of the State. This service includes the management of water licensing and the legislation governing the operations of water service providers.

	2019-20 Actual	2020-21 Budget	2020-21 Estimated Actual	2021-22 Budget Target	Note
Total Cost of Service	\$'000 16,839 7,388	\$'000 16,287 9,640	\$'000 15,551 9,454	\$'000 15,322 10.095	
Net Cost of Service	9,451	6,647	6,097	5,227	
Employees (Full-Time Equivalents)	116	119	113	121	
Efficiency Indicators Average cost of assessing a water licence application by risk assessment category: Low risk Medium risk High risk Average time taken (days) to assess a licence application by risk assessment category: Low risk Medium risk High risk High risk	\$3,284 \$4,378 \$5,473 46 85 87	\$3,390 \$4,520 \$5,650 65 75 95	\$3,337 \$4,449 \$5,561 30 39 47	\$3,203 \$4,271 \$5,339 65 75 95	1 1 1
Average cost of compliance monitoring and enforcement action	\$205	\$213	\$147	\$173	2

⁽a) Changes to Treasurer's instruction 1102: Statements of Comprehensive Income since the 2020-21 Budget have reclassified all sources of revenue from Government from the Net Cost of Service calculation. Accordingly, Net Cost of Service may be higher compared with previous Budget Papers.

Explanation of Significant Movements

- 1. The reduction in the Average time taken to assess a licence application across all licence application risk categories reported in the 2020-21 Estimated Actual, relative to the 2020-21 Budget Target, was driven by the successful implementation of the water licensing backlog action plan and several other water licensing business improvement initiatives. The 2021-22 Budget Targets are increased, relative to the 2020-21 Estimated Actual, reflecting the established water licence assessment timeliness performance targets (65 days for low-risk applications, 75 days for medium-risk applications and 95 days for high-risk applications) which are fixed and remain stable year-on-year.
- 2. The reduction in Average cost of compliance monitoring and enforcement action between the 2020-21 Budget and the 2020-21 Estimated Actual is due to an increase in compliance monitoring events and incidents in relation to compliance monitoring event backlog reduction initiatives and expanded regional compliance monitoring scheduling driven by the commencement of Stage 3 of the water metering regulations.

4. Environmental Regulation

The Department seeks to prevent, control and abate activities that have the potential to cause pollution or environmental harm. It has adopted a risk-based approach to delivering its regulatory role, which broadly fits into three main functions:

- approvals and licensing;
- · monitoring, audit and compliance inspections; and
- enforcement, including complaint and incident investigation.

	2019-20 Actual	2020-21 Budget	2020-21 Estimated Actual	2021-22 Budget Target	Note
Total Cost of Service	\$'000 34,227 41,246	\$'000 32,456 46,161	\$'000 38,428 42,896	\$'000 51,653 41,171	1
Net Cost of Service	(7,019)	(13,705)	(4,468)	10,482	
Employees (Full-Time Equivalents)	228	231	245	291	2
Efficiency Indicators Average cost per works approval and licence application Average cost per native vegetation clearing permit application	\$47,220 \$17,644	\$36,549 \$26,432	\$47,653 \$31,002	\$59,155 \$53,613	3 4

⁽a) Changes to Treasurer's instruction 1102: Statements of Comprehensive Income since the 2020-21 Budget have reclassified all sources of revenue from Government from the Net Cost of Service calculation. Accordingly, Net Cost of Service may be higher compared with previous Budget Papers.

Explanation of Significant Movements

- 1. The increase in Total Cost of Services from the 2020-21 Budget to the 2020-21 Estimated Actual is due to changes in cost allocations, with a higher cost allocation impacting this service. The increase in Total Cost of Service from the 2020-21 Estimated Actual to the 2021-22 Budget Target is mainly due to additional resourcing for regulatory approvals, Wooroloo Bushfire Clean-up Program and a deferral of grants and subsidies for the Offsets Fund for Recovery program.
- 2. The increase in FTEs from the 2020-21 Estimated Actual to the 2021-22 Budget Target is mainly due to additional resourcing for regulatory approvals.
- 3. The increase in Average cost per works approval and licence application from the 2020-21 Budget to the 2020-21 Estimated Actual and the 2021-22 Budget Target is due to changes in cost allocations, resulting in higher cost allocations impacting this service as well as a reduction in the total number of works approval and licence applications decided than previously predicted.
- 4. The increase in Average cost per native vegetation clearing permit application between the 2020-21 Budget and the 2020-21 Estimated Actual is due to a reduction in the total number of native vegetation permit applications than predicted as well as changes in cost driver volumes, resulting in higher cost allocations to this indicator. The increase from the 2020-21 Estimated Actual to the 2021-22 Budget Target is due to a lower number of native vegetation permit applications planned for 2021-22 as well as a higher cost allocation resulting from deferral of grants and subsidies program of works for the Native Vegetation Rehabilitation Scheme and Offsets Funds for Recovery program from 2020-21 to 2021-22.

5. Water and Environment Policy

The Department develops and implements policies and strategies that promote sound water and environmental outcomes.

	2019-20 Actual	2020-21 Budget	2020-21 Estimated Actual	2021-22 Budget Target	Note
Total Cost of Service	\$'000 12,981 7,545	\$'000 17,385 9,199	\$'000 13,272 10,713	\$'000 27,735 14,293	1 2
Net Cost of Service	5,436	8,186	2,559	13,442	
Employees (Full-Time Equivalents)	97	101	59	71	3
Efficiency Indicators Average cost per hour of policy advice and recommendations	\$118	\$158	\$179	\$295	4

⁽a) Changes to Treasurer's instruction 1102: Statements of Comprehensive Income since the 2020-21 Budget have reclassified all sources of revenue from Government from the Net Cost of Service calculation. Accordingly, Net Cost of Service may be higher compared with previous Budget Papers.

Explanation of Significant Movements

- 1. The decrease in Total Cost of Service from the 2020-21 Budget to the 2020-21 Estimated Actual is mainly due to a deferral of grants and subsidies for the Clean Energy Future Fund, further impacted by lower FTE allocations, resulting in lower cost allocations to this service. The increase in Total Cost of Service from the 2020-21 Estimated Actual to the 2021-22 Budget Target is driven by a deferral of grants and subsidies program of works for the Clean Energy Future Fund, Pilbara Environmental Offsets Fund, Western Australian Climate Policy and additional resourcing for regulatory approvals.
- The increase in income from the 2020-21 Budget to the 2020-21 Estimated Actual and the 2021-22 Budget Target is due to changes in income driver volumes and allocations, impacting the income allocated to this service.
- 3. The reduction in FTEs from the 2020-21 Budget to the 2020-21 Estimated Actual is due to changes in direct FTE allocations, resulting in lower allocations to this service. The increase in FTEs from the 2020-21 Estimated Actual to the 2021-22 Budget Target is due to additional resources for regulatory approvals and the Pilbara Environmental Offset Fund.
- 4. The increase in the Average cost per hour of policy advice and recommendations from the 2020-21 Budget to the 2020-21 Estimated Actual is due to a reduction in the number of hours for policy advice and recommendations than forecast. The increase in the Average cost per hour of policy advice and recommendations from the 2020-21 Estimated Actual to the 2021-22 Budget Target is due to higher cost allocations from a deferral of spending from 2020-21 to 2021-22 offset by an increase in FTE allocations, resulting from additional resources for regulatory approvals and new initiatives.

6. Waste Strategies

The Department works with the Waste Authority to facilitate the avoidance of waste and maximising recovery of materials from landfill.

	2019-20 Actual	2020-21 Budget	2020-21 Estimated Actual	2021-22 Budget Target	Note
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
Total Cost of Service	29,172 29,243	32,834 31,399	27,848 27.530	60,222 40.660	1 2
Net Cost of Service	(71)	1,435	318	19,556	
Employees (Full-Time Equivalents)	66	66	65	74	3
Efficiency Indicators Cost of landfill levy compliance as a percentage of landfill levy income collected	1.9%	1.9%	1.6%	1.5%	4

Explanation of Significant Movements

(Notes)

- 1. The decrease in Total Cost of Service from the 2020-21 Budget to the 2020-21 Estimated Actual is due to changes in cost allocations and a deferral of grants and subsidies for Clean Western Australia wastepaper and cardboard processing. The increase in Total Cost of Service from the 2020-21 Estimated Actual to the 2021-22 Budget Target is due to a deferral of grants and subsidies for Clean Western Australia wastepaper and cardboard processing, additional grants and subsidies for the National Partnership on Recycling Infrastructure, the ban on e-waste to landfill and the Wooroloo Bushfire Residential Clean-up Program, resulting in higher cost allocations to this service.
- 2. The decrease in income from the 2020-21 Budget to the 2020-21 Estimated Actual is due to lower volumes relating to Landfill Levy income, reclassification of Landfill Levy interest income and a deferral of grants and subsidies from the National Partnership on Recycling Infrastructure from 2020-21 to 2021-22. The increase in income from the 2020-21 Estimated Actual to the 2021-22 Budget Target is mainly due to a deferral of grants and subsidies from the National Partnership on Recycling Infrastructure.
- The increase in FTEs from the 2020-21 Estimated Actual to the 2021-22 Budget Target is due to additional
 resources for the ban on e-waste to landfill, national waste export ban and resourcing for regulatory
 approvals.
- 4. The movement in Cost of landfill levy compliance as a percentage of landfill levy income collected is due to additional dedicated resources monitoring and enforcing landfill levy compliance matters.

7. Environmental Impact Assessment Services to the EPA

The Department conducts environmental impact assessments of significant proposals and schemes for the EPA.

	2019-20 Actual	2020-21 Budget	2020-21 Estimated Actual	2021-22 Budget Target	Note
Total Cost of Service	\$'000 12,496 5,228	\$'000 11,256 7,529	\$'000 13,699 7,266	\$'000 16,323 7,605	1
Net Cost of Service	7,268	3,727	6,433	8,718	
Employees (Full-Time Equivalents)	74	95	73	78	2
Efficiency Indicators Cost per standardised unit of assessment output	\$39,924	\$37,519	\$62,839	\$54,409	3

Explanation of Significant Movements

(Notes)

- 1. The increase in Total Cost of Service from the 2020-21 Budget to the 2020-21 Estimated Actual and the 2021-22 Budget Target is due to changes in cost driver volumes and allocations, and additional resourcing of regulatory approvals impacting the costs allocated to this service.
- 2. The increase in FTEs from the 2020-21 Estimated Actual to the 2021-22 Budget Target is due to additional FTEs for the resourcing of regulatory approvals.
- 3. The increase in Cost per standardised unit of assessment output from the 2020-21 Budget to the 2020-21 Estimated Actual is due to a lower number of standardised unit of assessment outputs from a number of delayed large complex projects. The decrease in Cost per standardised unit of assessment output from the 2020-21 Estimated Actual to the 2021-22 Budget Target is mainly due to a higher number of standardised unit of assessment outputs offset by an increase in cost allocations impacting this service.

8. Environmental Management Services to the EPA

The Department develops statutory policies, guidelines and strategic advice for the EPA to manage environmental impacts and protect the environment.

	2019-20 Actual	2020-21 Budget	2020-21 Estimated Actual	2021-22 Budget Target	Note
Total Cost of Service	\$'000 3,166 1,335	\$'000 2,728 1,559	\$'000 4,185 1,499	\$'000 4,996 1,600	1
Net Cost of Service	1,831	1,169	2,686	3,396	
Employees (Full-Time Equivalents)	20	22	14	18	2
Efficiency Indicators Cost per standardised unit of environmental management services output	\$34,793	\$27,279	\$32,951	\$49,963	3

Explanation of Significant Movements

- The increase in Total Cost of Service from the 2020-21 Budget to the 2020-21 Estimated Actual is due to changes in cost driver volumes and allocations impacting this service. The increase in Total Cost of Service from the 2020-21 Estimated Actual to the 2021-22 Budget Target is mainly due to additional resourcing for regulatory approvals.
- The decrease in FTEs from the 2020-21 Budget to the 2020-21 Estimated Actual is due to changes in direct FTEs, resulting in lower FTE allocations. The increase in FTEs from the 2020-21 Estimated Actual and to the 2021-22 Budget Target is due to additional FTEs for the resourcing of regulatory approvals.
- 3. The increase in Cost per standardised unit of environmental management services output from the 2020-21 Budget to the 2020-21 Estimated Actual is due to changes in cost driver volumes, resulting in higher cost allocations to this service. The increase in Cost per standardised unit of environmental management services output from the 2020-21 Estimated Actual to the 2021-22 Budget Target is due to additional resources for regulatory approvals.

9. Compliance Monitoring Services to the Minister

The Department audits the compliance with conditions set under Ministerial approvals and undertakes enforcement actions as appropriate.

	2019-20 Actual	2020-21 Budget	2020-21 Estimated Actual	2021-22 Budget Target	Note
Total Cost of Service	\$'000 2,890 1,260	\$'000 2,424 1,697	\$'000 2,456 1,673	\$'000 3,601 1,766	1
Net Cost of Service	1,630	727	783	1,835	
Employees (Full-Time Equivalents)	22	22	20	21	
Efficiency Indicators Average cost per environmental audit completed	\$65,666	\$40,407	\$41,635	\$60,013	2

Explanation of Significant Movements

- 1. The increase in Total Cost of Service between the 2020-21 Estimated Actual and the 2021-22 Budget Target is mainly due to compliance monitoring relating to the Wooroloo Bushfire Residential Clean-up Program.
- The increase in Average cost per environmental audit completed from the 2020-21 Estimated Actual to the 2021-22 Budget Target is due to changes in cost allocations, resulting in higher cost allocations impacting this service.

Asset Investment Program

- 1. The Department will continue with ongoing investment programs across the State. The total Asset Investment Program for 2021-22 is \$30 million and \$58.3 million over the forward estimates period. This investment supports the delivery of the Department's services and rolling program to update plant, equipment and computer software, and delivery of the groundwater investigation, water modelling and bores monitoring program. In addition to the COVID-19 Response, the Department's other projects include:
 - 1.1. Land Acquisition Land Purchase Priority 1 Areas \$1.5 million is planned to be spent in 2021-22 and \$5.9 million over the forward estimates period on the acquisition of Priority 1 land adjacent to public drinking water supply areas;
 - 1.2. Rural Water Planning \$1 million is planned to be spent in 2021-22 and \$4.3 million over the forward estimates period on critical agriculture area dams infrastructure and on the development and upgrading of water infrastructure to maintain these supplies into the future; and
 - 1.3. Port Hedland Dust Taskforce Report \$486,000 is planned to be spent in 2021-22 to install additional monitoring capacity to the Port Hedland monitoring network.

COVID-19 Response

2. Environment Online - \$12.8 million is planned to be spent in 2021-22 and \$12.9 million over the forward estimates period to build a 'one-stop shop' portal to perform business with the Department for environmental-related approvals.

	Estimated Total Cost \$'000	Estimated Expenditure to 30-6-21 \$'000	2020-21 Estimated Expenditure \$'000	2021-22 Budget Estimate \$'000	2022-23 Forward Estimate \$'000	2023-24 Forward Estimate \$'000	2024-25 Forward Estimate \$'000
WORKS IN PROGRESS COVID-19 Response - Environment Online	25,801 8,878 20,242 9,525 5,528 23,316 8,937	50 2,536 6,546 3,109 179 6,012 3,305	50 833 3,144 1,864 179 4,051 1,408	12,810 2,037 3,424 1,904 1,029 5,451 1,408	7,795 1,435 3,424 1,504 1,440 4,351 1,408	5,146 1,435 3,424 1,504 1,440 3,851 1,408	1,435 3,424 1,504 1,440 3,651 1,408
NEW WORKS Land Acquisition - Land Purchase Priority 1 Areas Port Hedland Dust Taskforce Report	7,410 486	-	- -	1,500 486	3,910	1,000	1,000
Total Cost of Asset Investment Program	110,123	21,737	11,529	30,049	25,267	19,208	13,862
FUNDED BY Capital Appropriation Commonwealth Grants Drawdowns from Royalties for Regions Fund Drawdowns from the Holding Account Internal Funds and Balances			7,263 50 - 6,057 (1,841)	10,996 5,250 750 6,338 6,715	13,879 - 1,440 6,338 3,610	6,084 - 1,440 6,338 5,346	6,084 - 1,440 6,338
Total Funding			11,529	30,049	25,267	19,208	13,862

Financial Statements

Income Statement

Expenses

- 1. The increase in Total Cost of Services for the 2021-22 Budget Estimate compared with the 2020-21 Estimated Actual of \$77.3 million is mainly due to key initiatives such as the National Partnership on Recycling Infrastructure, resourcing of regulatory approvals, Rural Water Planning, Western Australian Climate Policy, Implementing the Peel-Harvey Estuary Protection Plan, small election commitments Greening Our Community, Pilbara Environmental Offsets Fund, and Establishing and Maintaining Vegetation Offsets Account. Other increases relate to additional expenditure for the Wooroloo Bushfire Residential Clean-up Program, and a reflow of grants and subsidies from 2020-21.
- 2. The increase of \$11.7 million in employee benefits for the 2021-22 Budget Estimate compared with the 2020-21 Estimated Actual is mainly due to additional staff for whole-of-government regulatory approvals.
- 3. The increase of \$48.7 million in grants and subsidies for the 2021-22 Budget Estimate compared with the 2020-21 Estimated Actual is mainly due to additional grants for the National Partnership on Recycling Infrastructure, Establishing and Maintaining Vegetation Offsets Account, small election commitments Greening Our Community, a change in expense type for the Clean Energy Future Fund, and a reflow of grants and subsidies from 2020-21.
- 4. The increase of \$16 million in supplies and services for the 2021-22 Budget Estimate compared with the 2020-21 Estimated Actual is mainly due to additional expenditure for the Wooroloo Bushfire Residential Clean-up Program and expenditure increases related to additional staff for whole-of-government regulatory approvals.

Income

- 5. The increase in total income from Government for the 2021-22 Budget Estimate compared with the 2020-21 Estimated Actual of \$32.9 million is mainly due to additional funding for the Western Australian Climate Policy, Implementing the Peel-Harvey Estuary Protection Plan, Rural Water Planning, small election commitments Greening Our Community, additional staff for whole-of-government regulatory approvals and the Wooroloo Bushfire Residential Clean-up Program.
- 6. The increase in income from sources outside of Government for the 2021-22 Budget Estimate compared with the 2020-21 Estimated Actual of \$17.3 million is mainly due to income received for the National Partnership on Recycling Infrastructure, funding from the Digital Environmental Assessment Program for Environment Online and an increase in payments to the Pilbara Environmental Offsets Fund.

Statement of Financial Position

7. The decrease in total assets for the 2021-22 Budget Estimate compared with the 2020-21 Estimated Actual of \$8 million is mainly due to a reduction in the loan related to the Container Deposit Scheme and a decrease to the cash at bank for programs reflowed from 2020-21.

Statement of Cashflows

8. The decrease in cash assets for the 2021-22 Budget Estimate compared with the 2020-21 Estimated Actual of \$13.3 million is mainly due to a higher return of cash reserves to the Consolidated Account in 2021-22 and as a result of programs reflowed from 2020-21.

INCOME STATEMENT (a) (Controlled)

			•				
	2019-20	2020-21	2020-21 Estimated	2021-22 Budget	2022-23 Forward	2023-24 Forward	2024-25 Forward
	Actual \$'000	Budget \$'000	Actual \$'000	Estimate \$'000	Estimate \$'000	Estimate \$'000	Estimate \$'000
COST OF SERVICES							
Expenses							
Employee benefits (b)	105,026	102,974	100,925	112,658	114,669	114,066	112,571
Grants and subsidies (c)	15,317	32,641	19,670	68,400	60,968	34,067	23,758
Supplies and services	34,110	36,662	23,519	39,469	26,913	27,954	28,740
Accommodation	5,347	7,822	7,821	8,271	8,490	8,539	8,557
Depreciation and amortisation	13,123	20,505	20,484	19,839	19,841	19,834	19,826
Finance and interest costs	84	151	69	85	84	92	88
Other expenses	9,559	5,519	4,819	5,914	6,104	5,948	5,819
TOTAL COST OF SERVICES	182,566	206,274	177,307	254,636	237,069	210,500	199,359
Income							
Sale of goods and services	228						
Regulatory fees and fines	29.523	33.762	30.976	32.053	34.886	45.433	45.458
Grants and subsidies	5,153	7,889	8,272	19,033	17,317	1,817	45,456 817
Landfill Levy	79,640	83,000	79,426	83,000	83,000	83,000	83.000
Other revenue	,	7,519	9,110	10,955	11,171	7,140	7,187
Total Income	115,921	132,170	127,784	145,041	146,374	137,390	136,462
NET COST OF SERVICES (d)	66,645	74,104	49,523	109,595	90,695	73,110	62,897
INCOME FROM STATE GOVERNMENT							
Service appropriations	81,890	105,625	103,318	118,183	116,903	106,955	97,323
Resources received free of charge	2,789	1,743	1,743	1,743	1,743	1,743	1,743
Royalties for Regions Fund: Regional Community Services Fund	1,204	438	493	3,407	2,407	2,407	2,407
Regional Infrastructure and Headworks	2.502	0.000	4.044	0.404	0.050	0.050	0.504
Fund Other revenues	3,593 3,090	8,308 2,967	4,211 1,234	8,134 12,463	6,250 1,538	6,250 1,538	2,534 1,603
_	·	·			·		·
TOTAL INCOME FROM STATE GOVERNMENT	92,566	119,081	110,999	143,930	128,841	118,893	105,610
SURPLUS/(DEFICIENCY) FOR THE PERIOD	25,921	44,977	61,476	34,335	38,146	45,783	42,713

⁽a) Full audited financial statements are published in the Department's Annual Report.(b) The FTEs for 2019-20 Actual, 2020-21 Estimated Actual and 2021-22 Budget Estimate are 927, 880 and 986 respectively.

 ⁽c) Refer to the Details of Controlled Grants and Subsidies table below for further information.
 (d) Changes to Treasurer's instruction 1102: Statements of Comprehensive Income since the 2020-21 Budget have moved all revenue received from Government out of the calculation of Net Cost of Services and into Income from State Government. This may have increased the Net Cost of Services compared to previously published Budgets.

DETAILS OF CONTROLLED GRANTS AND SUBSIDIES

	2019-20 Actual \$'000	2020-21 Budget \$'000	2020-21 Estimated Actual \$'000	2021-22 Budget Estimate \$'000	2022-23 Forward Estimate \$'000	2023-24 Forward Estimate \$'000	2024-25 Forward Estimate \$'000
Ban on E-Waste to Landfill	-	-	-	-	2,000	6,629	1,500
Carbon Innovation Grants Program	-	-	-	-	1,450	2,900	4,350
Clean Energy Future Fund	-	2,000	108	9,595	5,850	3,128	-
Clean Western Australia - Waste Paper and							
Cardboard Processing	-	5,000	-	10,000	2,500	2,500	-
Commonwealth Grants							
National On-farm Emergency Water							
Infrastructure Rebate Scheme	3,783	1,400	4,020	-	-	-	-
National Partnership on Recycling	,	,	,				
Infrastructure (a)	-	_	_	12,500	16,500	1,000	_
Smart Farming Partnerships	525	_	233	-	-	-	_
Container Deposit Scheme	126	_	62	_	_	_	_
Contaminated Sites Management Account	.20		0_				
Grants	246	_	243	_	_	_	_
Cooperative Research Centre - Water	2.0						
Sensitive Cities	180	150	150	_	_	_	_
Establishing and Maintaining Vegetation	100	100	100				
Offsets Account	105	_	_	1,000	1,000	3,000	3,000
Grants Other	65	_	69	1,000	1,000	0,000	0,000
Keep Australia Beautiful Council WA	112	_	112	_	_	_	_
Native Vegetation Rehabilitation Scheme	112	3,128	3,060	6,192	4.770	_	_
Offset Fund for Recovery		2,667	1,102	4,232	2,666		
Pilbara Environmental Offsets Fund	_	1,000	123	3,069	2,263	3,164	3,167
Royalties for Regions	-	1,000	123	3,009	2,203	3,104	3,107
Revitalising Waterways of Geographe Bay	234	_	100		_	_	_
Watering Western Australia	150	644	100	644	_	_	_
Rural Water Grants	207	687	-	1,374	687	687	687
Rural Water Planning Program	207		210	2,984	797	793	790
Small Election Commitments - Greening Our	-	3,150	210	2,904	191	793	790
			_	1 000			
Community	-	-	-	1,000	- 50	-	-
State-wide Water Efficiency Measures	225	50	-	100	50	50	50
Waste Avoidance and Resource Recovery	0.407	0.000	0.000	0.040	0.000	0.700	0.707
Account	9,107	9,998	9,998	9,816	9,808	9,799	9,797
Waste Export Ban	-	2,500	-	5,000	10,000	-	-
Water Innovation Partnership	252	267	-	534	267	267	267
Water Sensitive Cities Australia	-	-		150	150	150	150
Western Australian Climate Policy	-	-	80	210	210	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
TOTAL	15,317	32,641	19,670	68,400	60,968	34,067	23,758

⁽a) Funding for National Partnership on Recycling Infrastructure is anticipating an additional \$5 million in 2021-22 on confirmation from the Commonwealth Government.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (a) (Controlled)

	2019-20 Actual	2020-21 Budget	2020-21 Estimated Actual	2021-22 Budget Estimate	2022-23 Forward Estimate	2023-24 Forward Estimate	2024-25 Forward Estimate
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000
CURRENT ASSETS							
Cash assets	9,348	8,271	31.720	18.909	21.712	23.599	21.685
Restricted cash	64,402	42,641	51,231	50,696	38.711	33,543	33.217
Holding account receivables	6,057	5,535	5,535	5,535	5,535	5,535	5,535
Receivables	22,478	22,478	25,161	25,161	25,161	25,161	25,161
Other	2,350	10,350	10,350	2,350	2,350	2,350	2,350
Total current assets	104,635	89,275	123,997	102,651	93,469	90,188	87,948
NON OURRENT ASSETS							
NON-CURRENT ASSETS	50.545	07.540	67.455	00.005	04.400	407.004	101 100
Holding account receivables	52,545	67,516	67,455	80,995	94,498	107,994	121,482
Property, plant and equipment	353,515	356,957	350,867	334,282	317,648	303,035	301,316
Intangibles	17,582	20,287	10,634	27,538	39,427	48,667	50,075
Restricted cash	1,488	1,864	1,864	1,864	1,864	1,864	1,864
Other	618	2,972	2,972	2,464	1,956	1,448	1,448
Total non-current assets	425,748	449,596	433,792	447,143	455,393	463,008	476,185
TOTAL ASSETS	530,383	538,871	557,789	549,794	548,862	553,196	564,133
101AE AGGE10	000,000	000,071	001,100	040,704	040,002	000,100	004,100
CURRENT LIABILITIES							
Employee provisions	25,309	25,344	25,344	25,379	25,414	25,449	25,484
Payables	2,430	2,430	2,430	2,430	2,430	2,430	2,430
Borrowings and leases	1,143	1,143	1,168	1,257	1,182	1,254	1,200
Other	2,888	2,903	2,903	2,918	2,933	2,948	2,963
Total current liabilities	31,770	31,820	31,845	31,984	31,959	32,081	32,077
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES							
Employee provisions	6,002	6,002	6,002	6,002	6,002	6,002	6,002
Borrowings and leases	2,020	1,900	1,970	2,007	1,914	5,636	5,607
Total non-current liabilities	8,022	7,902	7,972	8,009	7,916	11,638	11,609
TOTAL LIADULTEO	00.700	00.700	00.047	00.000	00.075	40.740	40.000
TOTAL LIABILITIES	39,792	39,722	39,817	39,993	39,875	43,719	43,686
EQUITY							
Contributed equity	351,627	315,208	317,535	275,030	236,069	190,776	159,033
Accumulated surplus/(deficit)	120.944	165.921	182.420	216.755	254.901	300.684	343.397
Reserves	- , -	18,020	18,017	18,016	18,017	18,017	18,017
Total equity	400 E04	400 440	517.070	500.904	E00 007	500 477	E20 447
Total equity	490,591	499,149	517,972	509,801	508,987	509,477	520,447
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	530,383	538,871	557,789	549,794	548,862	553,196	564,133

⁽a) Full audited financial statements are published in the Department's Annual Report.

STATEMENT OF CASHFLOWS (a) (b) (Controlled)

	2019-20 Actual \$'000	2020-21 Budget \$'000	2020-21 Estimated Actual \$'000	2021-22 Budget Estimate \$'000	2022-23 Forward Estimate \$'000	2023-24 Forward Estimate \$'000	2024-25 Forward Estimate \$'000
CACHELOWIC FROM STATE	****	7	,	****	****	+	****
CASHFLOWS FROM STATE GOVERNMENT							
Service appropriations Capital appropriation Holding account drawdowns	63,925 6,007 5,994	85,119 7,855 6,057	82,873 7,934 6,057	98,305 11,791 6,338	97,062 14,645 6,338	87,121 6,847 6,338	77,497 6,848 6,338
Royalties for Regions Fund: Regional Community Services Fund		438	493		•		•
Regional Infrastructure and Headworks	1,204			3,407	2,407	2,407	2,407
Fund Receipts paid into Consolidated Account Other	3,593 (24,159) 3,240	8,308 (44,276) 2,967	4,211 (40,702) 1,234	8,884 (44,276) 12,463	7,690 (44,276) 1,538	7,690 (44,276) 1,538	3,974 (44,276) 1,603
Net cash provided by State Government	59,804	66,468	62,100	96,912	85,404	67,665	54,391
CASHFLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Payments							
Employee benefits	(101,096) (19,389) (29,780)	(102,924) (32,641) (33,375)	(100,875) (19,670) (20,165)	(112,608) (68,400) (35,901)	(114,619) (60,968) (23,054)	(114,016) (34,067) (24,082)	(112,565) (23,758) (26,587)
Accommodation	(5,381) (7,628) (83)	(7,832) (5,929) (150)	(7,831) (5,554) (69)	(8,281) (6,275) (85)	(8,500) (5,882) (84)	(8,549) (5,710) (92)	(8,558) (5,710) (88)
Other payments	(10,858)	(7,063)	(6,363)	(7,739)	(8,220)	(8,077)	(7,429)
Receipts (c) Regulatory fees and fines	30,772	33,762	30,976	32,053	34,886	45,433	45,458
Grants and subsidies Sale of goods and services Landfill Levy	6,221 1,441	7,889 -	8,272 - 79,426	19,033 - 83,000	17,317 - 83,000	1,817	817 - 83,000
GST receipts	78,018 8,406 790	83,000 5,939 7,519	5,564 6,360	6,285 10,955	5,892 11,171	83,000 5,720 7,140	5,720 7,187
Net cash from operating activities	(48,567)	(51,805)	(29,929)	(87,963)	(69,061)	(51,483)	(42,513)
CASHFLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES							
Purchase of non-current assets Other payments Proceeds from sale of non-current assets	(12,134) (750)	(26,001) (18,954)	(11,529) (18,954)	(30,049)	(25,267)	(19,208)	(13,862)
Other receipts	105	8,600	8,600	8,508	508	508	508
Net cash from investing activities	(12,779)	(36,355)	(21,883)	(21,541)	(24,759)	(18,700)	(13,354)
CASHFLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Repayment of borrowings and leases	(1,301)	(770)	(711)	(754)	(766)	(763)	(764)
Net cash from financing activities	(1,301)	(770)	(711)	(754)	(766)	(763)	(764)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH HELD	(2,843)	(22,462)	9,577	(13,346)	(9,182)	(3,281)	(2,240)
Cash assets at the beginning of the reporting period	78,082	75,238	75,238	84,815	71,469	62,287	59,006
Net cash transferred to/from other agencies	(1)	-	-	_	_	_	_
Cash assets at the end of the reporting period	75,238	52,776	84,815	71,469	62,287	59,006	56,766
		I					

⁽a) Full audited financial statements are published in the Department's Annual Report.

⁽b) Changes to Treasurer's instruction 1102: Statements of Comprehensive Income implemented since the 2020-21 Budget have reclassified revenue received from Government from the Cashflows from Operating Activities category to the Cashflows from State Government category. This may have changed the Net cash provided by State Government and Net cash from operating activities compared to previously published Budgets.

⁽c) A determination by the Treasurer, pursuant to section 23 of the *Financial Management Act 2006*, provides for the retention of some cash receipts by the Department. Refer to the Net Appropriation Determination table below for further information. Other receipts are retained under the authority of other relevant Acts of Parliament.

NET APPROPRIATION DETERMINATION

	2019-20 Actual \$'000	2020-21 Budget \$'000	2020-21 Estimated Actual \$'000	2021-22 Budget Estimate \$'000	2022-23 Forward Estimate \$'000	2023-24 Forward Estimate \$'000	2024-25 Forward Estimate \$'000
Regulatory Fees and Fines							
Regulatory Fees - Receipts Grants and Subsidies	30,772	33,762	30,976	32,053	34,886	45,433	45,458
Other Grants and Contributions	8.874	10,006	9.356	30,646	18,005	2,505	1.505
Sale of Goods and Services	0,074	10,000	9,330	30,040	16,003	2,303	1,505
Establishing and Maintaining Vegetation							
Offsets Account	756	_	_		_	_	_
Pilbara Environmental Offset Fund	685	_	-	-	_	_	-
Landfill Levy							
Landfill Levy	78,018	83,000	79,426	83,000	83,000	83,000	83,000
GST Receipts							
GST Receipts	8,406	5,939	5,564	6,285	5,892	5,720	5,720
Other Receipts							
Establishing and Maintaining Vegetation							
Offsets Account	-	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000	3,000
Implementation of the Murujuga Rock Art							
Strategy	239	1,598	1,598	1,326	1,389	1,456	1,456
Interest Received	528	850	150	850	850	850	850
Lease of Commercial Land and Buildings	325	346	346	346	346	346	346
Other Receipts	285	575	470	652	657	659	725
Pilbara Environmental Offsets Fund	-	2,000	946	5,631	5,779	1,679	1,725
TOTAL	120 000	1/11 076	121 822	163 780	153 804	1// 6/9	143,785
TOTAL	128,888	141,076	131,832	163,789	153,804	1	44,648

DETAILS OF ADMINISTERED TRANSACTIONS

	2019-20 Actual \$'000	2020-21 Budget \$'000	2020-21 Estimated Actual \$'000	2021-22 Budget Estimate \$'000	2022-23 Forward Estimate \$'000	2023-24 Forward Estimate \$'000	2024-25 Forward Estimate \$'000
INCOME Fines							
Regulatory Fines	89	155	155	155	155	155	155
TOTAL ADMINISTERED INCOME	89	155	155	155	155	155	155
EXPENSES Other Receipts Paid into the Consolidated Account	88	155	155	155	155	155	155
TOTAL ADMINISTERED EXPENSES	88	155	155	155	155	155	155

Agency Special Purpose Account Details

CONTAMINATED SITES MANAGEMENT ACCOUNT

Account Purpose: The purpose of the trust account is to enable investigation or remediation of any site where the State or a public authority (excluding local government) is responsible for remediation.

	2019-20 Actual \$'000	2020-21 Budget \$'000	2020-21 Estimated Actual \$'000	2021-22 Budget Estimate \$'000
Opening Balance	557	346	346	395
Receipts: Other	135	195	300	180
	692	541	646	575
Payments	346	350	251	208
CLOSING BALANCE	346	191	395	367

WASTE AVOIDANCE AND RESOURCE RECOVERY ACCOUNT

Account Purpose: The purpose of the trust account is to fund nominated programs and other waste management initiatives approved by the Minister for Environment on the advice of the Waste Authority of Western Australia.

	2019-20 Actual \$'000	2020-21 Budget \$'000	2020-21 Estimated Actual \$'000	2021-22 Budget Estimate \$'000
Opening Balance	39,980	39,795	39,795	28,790
Receipts: Other Loan to Western Australia Return Recycle Renew Limited (WARRRL) (a)	21,276 -	21,730 8,000	20,925 5,167	21,600 11,625
	61,256	69,525	65,887	62,015
Payments Loan to WARRRL ^(a)	20,711 750	27,300 16,000	21,055 16,042	26,322
CLOSING BALANCE	39,795	26,225	28,790	35,693

⁽a) Receipts and payments from the Waste Avoidance and Resource Recovery Account include loan payments to and loan receipts from WARRRL.

RESERVE 31165 TRUST ACCOUNT (a)

Account Purpose: The purpose of the trust account is to hold moneys to be used for the purposes of protecting the water resource values of Lake Argyle and the Ord River Dam, protecting the Lake Argyle wetland values and maintaining and enhancing the traditional culture of the Miriuwung-Gajerrong people.

	2019-20 Actual \$'000	2020-21 Budget \$'000	2020-21 Estimated Actual \$'000	2021-22 Budget Estimate \$'000
Opening Balance	597	-	-	-
Receipts: Other	124	-	-	_
-	721	-	-	-
Payments	721	-	-	-
CLOSING BALANCE	-	-	-	-

⁽a) This account was transferred to the Miriuwung-Gajerrong people in 2019-20.

PILBARA ENVIRONMENTAL OFFSETS FUND

Account Purpose: The purpose of the trust account is to facilitate the coordinated delivery of environmental offset projects located within the Pilbara Interim Biogeographic Regionalisation for Australia and to hold moneys to be used for the purposes of delivering landscape scale conservation projects.

	2019-20 Actual \$'000	2020-21 Budget \$'000	2020-21 Estimated Actual \$'000	2021-22 Budget Estimate \$'000
Opening Balance	-	496	496	1,090
Receipts: Other	684	2,000	946	5,631
	684	2,496	1,442	6,721
Payments	188	2,496	352	3,852
CLOSING BALANCE	496	,	1,090	2,869

Division 43 Biodiversity, Conservation and Attractions

Part 10 Environment

Appropriations, Expenses and Cash Assets

	2019-20 Actual \$'000	2020-21 Budget \$'000	2020-21 Estimated Actual \$'000	2021-22 Budget Estimate \$'000	2022-23 Forward Estimate \$'000	2023-24 Forward Estimate \$'000	2024-25 Forward Estimate \$'000
DELIVERY OF SERVICES Item 84 Net amount appropriated to deliver services	258,554	265,586	271,765	285,196	282,993	277,051	273,141
Amount Authorised by Other Statutes - Salaries and Allowances Act 1975	625	625	625	593	595	597	599
Total appropriations provided to deliver services	259,179	266,211	272,390	285,789	283,588	277,648	273,740
CAPITAL Item 146 Capital Appropriation	10,778	39,344	31,157	53,212	60,257	44,498	32,189
TOTAL APPROPRIATIONS	269,957	305,555	303,547	339,001	343,845	322,146	305,929
EXPENSES (a) Total Cost of Services Net Cost of Services (b) (c) CASH ASSETS (d)	402,128 288,260 135,124	425,261 300,438 127,304	421,782 286,933 145,533	472,037 324,198 133,761	458,704 326,257 132,474	456,493 322,560 130,269	455,388 321,311 127,026

⁽a) For comparative purposes, the Asset Revaluation Decrement of \$215.5 million has been excluded from the 2019-20 Actual.

⁽b) Changes to Treasurer's instruction 1102: Statements of Comprehensive Income since the 2020-21 Budget may have increased the Net Cost of Services compared to previously published Budgets.

⁽c) Represents Total Cost of Services (expenses) less retained revenues applied to the agency's services. Reconciliation to the 'Total appropriations provided to deliver services' includes adjustments related to movements in cash balances and other accrual items such as resources received free of charge, receivables, payables and superannuation.

⁽d) As at 30 June each financial year.

Spending Changes

Recurrent spending changes, other than cashflow timing changes and non-discretionary accounting adjustments, impacting on the Department's Income Statement since presentation of the 2020-21 Budget to Parliament on 8 October 2020, are outlined below:

	2020-21 Estimated Actual \$'000	2021-22 Budget Estimate \$'000	2022-23 Forward Estimate \$'000	2023-24 Forward Estimate \$'000	2024-25 Forward Estimate \$'000
Election Commitments					
Aboriginal Ranger Program	-	4,400	12,100	15,500	18,000
Accessible Parks	-	560	240	150	50
Artificial Shellfish Reef	-	133	453	453	961
Dampier Peninsula and Buccaneer Archipelago Visitor Plan	-	150	250	-	-
Dwellingup Gap Trails	-	350	-	-	-
Small Commitments	-	1,198	-	-	-
Swan Canning Riverpark Initiatives	-	1,250	1,250	1,250	1,250
Urban Forest Projects - Swan Canning Riverpark	-	415	815	815	955
Yellagonga Regional Park	-	615	170	1,250	200
New Initiatives					
Bushfire Suppression	9,500	-	-	-	-
Forest Management Plan	-	2,466	1,680	55	-
Murujuga National Park Joint Management	-	1,006	1,012	1,018	1,024
Plan for Our Parks					
Additional Areas	-	5,255	4,905	4,440	230
Fitzroy River National Park (Stage One) - Implementation of Indigenous					
Land Use Agreements	-	1,896	1,946	1,996	2,056
Joint Management of Badimia Conservation Reserves and Thundelarra					
Conservation Park Areas	-	1,705	1,798	2,045	2,170
Proposed Marine Parks in Buccaneer Archipelago - Implementation of					
Indigenous Land Use Agreements	-	3,391	4,080	4,191	4,295
Resolution of Native Title in the South West of Western Australia (Settlement)	-	1,192	1,202	1,187	1,197
Swan Canning Riverpark	-	1,500	-	-	-
Whole-of-Government Regulatory Approvals	-	2,542	2,558	2,574	2,590
Yawuru Joint Management	-	1,108	1,116	1,124	1,132
Other					
2020-21 Estimated Outturn	(10,170)	10,882	-	-	-
2021-22 Government Regional Officer Housing	85	134	159	199	214
2021-22 Tariffs, Fees and Charges	-	295	350	373	397
Zoological Parks Authority - Commonwealth Grants	397	350	-	-	-

Significant Issues Impacting the Agency

Election Commitments

1. The Department will implement the Government's 2021 election commitments to deliver social, environmental and economic outcomes with expenditure of \$166.3 million over four years. This will include: the continuation and expansion of the Aboriginal Ranger Program; Perth Zoo Masterplan 2040; visitor facilities and tourism infrastructure upgrades across the State; projects around the Swan and Canning Riverpark; the Small Commitments program for minor community infrastructure upgrades; and Greening our Communities initiatives across the metropolitan area.

Government Initiatives

- The Department will continue to implement the Carbon for Conservation initiative, providing opportunities for proponents to work with the Government to maximise the environmental, employment and economic opportunities presented from carbon farming on the conservation estate in consultation with Traditional Owners.
- 3. Under the whole-of-government regulatory approvals reforms the Department has received funding for additional frontline resources to manage technical and scientific advice to approvals agencies and also support the Streamline WA reform program. The funding will ensure that the Department manages the sustained upswing in private sector projects and investment by the Government in major capital projects, to ensure timely and efficient approvals.
- 4. The Department will continue to implement the Plan for Our Parks (PfOP) initiative which is transforming the Government's relationships with Traditional Owners through the negotiation and registration of Indigenous Land Use Agreements (ILUAs), establishing joint management arrangements, and the creation of an additional five million hectares of conservation estate by 2024.

Joint Management and Visitor Services

- 5. Continuation of delivering existing joint management arrangements across the State, as well as the implementation of new agreements with the Bardi Jawi, Mayala, Dambimangari, Gooniyandi, Bunuba, Nganhurra Thanardi Garrbu, Bundi Yamatji and Warnpurru groups, arising out of PfOP and other Native Title agreements. During the 2021-22 financial year, the Department will progress PfOP ILUA negotiations and concurrently work with Aboriginal communities to deliver practical on-ground land management activities and build local capacity across the State, including for the proposed Matuwa Kurrarra Kurrarra, Shark Bay, Kennedy Range and Giralia national parks, Mount Augustus National Park additions, Fortescue Marsh Nature Reserve, Meentheena National Park, Cockburn Range National Park and the proposed South Coast marine park.
- 6. Kings Park and Botanic Garden, and Bold Park are maintained to a high standard and are activated in ways that connect community, conserve flora and celebrate identity. The Botanic Gardens and Parks Authority (BGPA) will take full advantage of new Fraser Avenue up-lights and performance infrastructure at the Exhibition Ground. Enhancements to the cafés and playgrounds near Hale Oval will be supported by a renaming of the family area and key assets, including the café, to recognise Noongar botanical terminology.
- 7. The BGPA will implement management initiatives outlined in the approved Management Plan (MP) for Kings Park and Botanic Garden. Key initiatives in the MP include an integrated transport strategy to improve both internal and external connectivity and provide for improved access to parkland and new interpretation and education for bushland areas as a result of the Perth Children's Hospital Kids Bridge completion. The BGPA will finalise a new MP for Bold Park as well as continue its focus on culture, identity and community wellbeing through partnerships associated with research, participation in the United Nations Decade of Ecosystem Restoration and with community organisations that have a strong affiliation with BGPA's work and parks.
- 8. The Perth Zoo Masterplan 2040 was launched in May 2021. The first projects to be delivered are a new café and function facilities (expected completion in mid-2023) and new veterinary post-mortem facilities (expected completion early 2022).
- 9. The Rottnest Lodge site will be handed over to the selected developer in June 2022 to commence refurbishment and construction of new visitor accommodation resulting in 94 rooms ranging from boutique to budget with a relocated pool, a day spa and new food and beverage facilities. The project will deliver an improved use and configuration of the site and incorporate acknowledgements of the proximity to important surrounding Aboriginal heritage buildings and places. Completion is expected in 2025.
- 10. Maintenance and renewal of marine infrastructure, especially Rottnest Island's jetties, to preserve visitor safety and enhance operational efficiency is a priority. The existing concrete deck and piles of berths 4 and 5 on the main jetty will be replaced and extended during the winter of 2022.
- 11. The Rottnest Island Authority (RIA) is progressing with the delivery of the National Tourism Icons suite of projects made possible by funding from the Commonwealth Government of \$17.2 million for vital infrastructure upgrades to enhance the visitor experience, embrace cultural heritage and ensure the long-term sustainability of Rottnest Island.
- 12. Increasing Rottnest Island's drinking water production and renewal, and replacement of the water distribution network is a high priority to meet growing demand and avoid constraints on future development. The RIA is progressing with the delivery of the COVID-19 Response funded project to upgrade the island's water production capability and renew the ageing water distribution network.

Biodiversity Conservation and Ecosystem Management

- 13. The Department is continuing to work closely with its partners to protect the State's unique biodiversity and implement recovery programs to improve the persistence of species through multidisciplinary approaches to conservation and management that are underpinned by high quality science.
- 14. A range of threatening processes continue to impact the integrity and functioning of Western Australia's natural ecosystems and biodiversity. The Department will, with support of industry sponsors and community groups, continue to protect fauna from invasive pests such as the European fox and feral cats through the delivery of the Western Shield Wildlife Recovery Program and mitigate the impacts of cane toads on priority native species through the Cane Toad Strategy for Western Australia. Invasive weeds and plant diseases will continue to be monitored, and management and control will focus on regional priorities and impacts to neighbouring land.

- 15. The State's forests will continue to be managed to conserve plants and animals, provide services that support forest production activities, protect old-growth forests and water catchments, enable recreation and tourism activities and provide for mining and other public uses under the direction of the Forest Management Plan 2014-23 (FMP). The Department will continue implementing management responses detailed in the Conservation and Parks Commission mid-term performance review of the FMP (April 2019), including preliminary work to inform development of the next FMP (2024-33). An indicative stakeholder register has been compiled in preparation for stakeholder engagement and consultation is anticipated to take place in late 2021.
- 16. The Department is progressing with the delivery of the Biodiversity Information Office (BIO). The BIO is currently finalising the design of the platform in consultation with key stakeholders, including the Department of Water and Environmental Regulation, the WA Museum and WA Herbarium, industry proponents and future data users. The BIO is on track to deliver the platform in 2022.

COVID-19 Response

17. The Department will continue to implement the COVID-19 Response with project budgets of approximately \$27.8 million for the 2021-22 year. As of June 2021, the Department has supported local businesses and contractors offering employment opportunities for approximately 280 people across Western Australia.

Resource Agreement

The following performance information (financial and non-financial) is the subject of a Resource Agreement signed by the Minister, Accountable Authority and Treasurer under Part 3, Division 5 of the *Financial Management Act 2006*.

Outcomes, Services and Key Performance Information

Relationship to Government Goals

Broad government goals are supported at agency level by specific outcomes. Agencies deliver services to achieve these outcomes. The following table illustrates the relationship between the Department's services, the desired outcomes and the relevant Government Goal. The key effectiveness indicators measure the extent of impact of the delivery of services on the achievement of desired outcomes. The key efficiency indicators monitor the relationship between the service delivered and the resources used to produce the service.

Government Goal	Desired Outcomes	Services
Growing Our Communities: Protecting our environment with thriving suburbs and regions.	Community enjoyment, appreciation and understanding of attractions under the Department's care.	 Visitor Services and Public Programs Provided at Kings Park and Bold Park Visitor Services and Public Programs Provided at Rottnest Island Visitor Services and Public Programs Provided at Perth Zoo Visitor Services and Public Programs Provided in the Swan and Canning Riverpark Visitor Services and Public Programs Provided in National Parks and Other Lands and Waters
	Plants and animals, and the landscapes they occupy, are conserved through evidence-based conservation actions.	Conserving Habitats, Species and Ecological Communities Research and Conservation Partnerships
	Sustainable use of forest resources.	8. Implementation of the Forest Management Plan
	Lands under the Department's care are managed to protect communities, visitors and built and natural assets from bushfire damage and planned fire is used to achieve other land, forest and wildlife management objectives.	9. Prescribed Burning and Fire Management 10. Bushfire Suppression

Service Summary

Expense	2019-20 Actual \$'000	2020-21 Budget \$'000	2020-21 Estimated Actual \$'000	2021-22 Budget Estimate \$'000	2022-23 Forward Estimate \$'000	2023-24 Forward Estimate \$'000	2024-25 Forward Estimate \$'000
Visitor Services and Public Programs							
Provided at Kings Park and Bold Park	10,198	9,937	9,806	10,747	10,917	11,021	11,126
Visitor Services and Public Programs Provided at Rottnest Island	49,675	52,053	51,852	53,841	55,188	56,543	56.745
Visitor Services and Public Programs	49,075	52,055	31,032	55,641	55,166	50,545	30,743
Provided at Perth Zoo	23,165	23,492	24,459	24,086	24,234	24,486	24,856
Visitor Services and Public Programs	20,.00	20,102	2 1, 100	2.,000	,	2 ., .00	2 .,000
Provided in the Swan and Canning							
Riverpark	13,416	14,555	14,555	16,175	17,082	17,242	17,970
Visitor Services and Public Programs							
Provided in National Parks and Other							
Lands and Waters	96,043	115,299	109,087	148,539	133,232	129,000	124,722
Conserving Habitats, Species and							
Ecological Communities	69,267	74,047	69,853	75,833	75,780	76,075	76,646
7. Research and Conservation Partnerships	23,855	31,762	25,987	27,078	27,109	27,370	27,618
8. Implementation of the Forest Management	40.400	40.00=					
Plan	18,126	19,237	19,028	21,826	21,216	19,848	19,927
9. Prescribed Burning and Fire Management	49,548	52,411	51,688	52,990	53,476	53,766	54,104
10. Bushfire Suppression	48,835	32,468	45,467	40,922	40,470	41,142	41,674
Total Cost of Services (a)	402,128	425,261	421,782	472,037	458,704	456,493	455,388

⁽a) For comparative purposes, the Asset Revaluation Decrement of \$215.5 million has been excluded from the 2019-20 Actual.

Outcomes and Key Effectiveness Indicators (a)

	2019-20 Actual	2020-21 Budget	2020-21 Estimated Actual	2021-22 Budget Target	Note
Outcome: Community enjoyment, appreciation and understanding of attractions under the Department's care:					
Average level of visitor satisfaction at Kings Park and Bold Park	n/a	95%	95%	95%	1
Average level of visitor satisfaction at Rottnest Island	n/a	75%	75%	75%	1
Average level of visitor satisfaction at Perth Zoo	n/a	97%	90%	97%	1, 2
$\label{prop:continuous} \mbox{Average level of visitor satisfaction in the Swan and Canning Riverpark}$	90.9%	85%	82.2%	85%	
Average level of visitor satisfaction in national parks and other lands and waters	n/a	90%	93.2%	90%	1
Outcome: Plants and animals, and the landscapes they occupy, are conserved through evidence-based conservation actions:					
Proportion of critically endangered and endangered taxa and ecological communities that have a recovery plan	73.7%	72%	73.7%	72%	
Area of land baited for introduced predators	3,988,246 ha	3,923,517 ha	3,808,368 ha	4,012,681 ha	
Outcome: Sustainable use of forest resources:					
Cumulative removal of jarrah and karri sawlogs by approved harvesting operations compared to limits in the Forest Management Plan	777,430 m ³	1,337,000 m ³	879,707 m ³	1,528,000 m ³	3
Outcome: Lands under the Department's care are managed to protect communities, visitors and built and natural assets from bushfire damage and planned fire is used to achieve other land, forest and wildlife management objectives:					
Proportion of planned Priority 1 prescribed burns achieved	42%	55%	46%	55%	4
Proportion of South West bushfires contained to less than two hectares	84%	75%	76%	75%	

⁽a) Further detail in support of the key effectiveness indicators is provided in the Department's Annual Report.

Explanation of Significant Movements

(Notes)

- 1. In 2019-20, a requested exemption from reporting average level of visitor satisfaction was approved. A representative sample was unable to be collected in 2019-20 due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic.
- 2. The former five-point measurement scale was revised to a seven-point scale for measurement survey responses in 2020-21 and is likely to have impacted actual results.
- 3. The 2014-2023 Forest Management Plan (the Plan) commenced on 1 January 2014. From 2014-15 and successive years, the Budget Target figure is the cumulative total of the annual allowable harvest of jarrah (132,000 m³) and karri (59,000 m³). Over the 10 years of the Plan, this provides for a total harvest of 1,910,000 m³ of sawlog.

The variation between the cumulative 2020-21 Budget compared to the 2021-22 Budget Target reflects the annual allowable 191,000 m³ harvest of sawlog. The actual amount harvested each year during the period of the Plan has been lower than the target amount due to market conditions.

4. Priority 1 prescribed burns cannot constitute more than one-third of planned prescribed burns, and providing enhanced criteria for prioritisation decisions resulted in less Priority 1 prescribed burns as a proportion of the total program. Favourable weather conditions late into Autumn accommodated a longer window for prescribed burning than in 2019-20.

Services and Key Efficiency Indicators

1. Visitor Services and Public Programs Provided at Kings Park and Bold Park

Provide facilities, experiences and programs to visitors to Kings Park and Bold Park for their enjoyment and appreciation of natural, cultural and heritage values and to strengthen community understanding and support for conservation of plants, animals and habitats.

	2019-20 Actual	2020-21 Budget	2020-21 Estimated Actual	2021-22 Budget Target	Note
Total Cost of Service	\$'000 10,198 5,194	\$'000 9,937 4,276	\$'000 9,806 4,343	\$'000 10,747 6,573	1
Net Cost of Service	5,004	5,661	5,463	4,174	
Employees (Full-Time Equivalents)	42	45	44	45	
Efficiency Indicators Average cost per visitor at Kings Park and Bold Park	\$2.15	\$2.21	\$2.14	\$2.28	

Explanation of Significant Movements

(Notes)

1. The 2021-22 Budget Target is higher compared to the 2020-21 Budget primarily due to the expected return to pre-COVID-19 pandemic commercial trading conditions.

2. Visitor Services and Public Programs Provided at Rottnest Island

Provide facilities, experiences and programs to visitors to Rottnest Island for their enjoyment and appreciation of natural, cultural and heritage values and to strengthen community understanding and support for maintaining the built and cultural heritage of the island while conserving natural marine and terrestrial habitats.

	2019-20 Actual	2020-21 Budget	2020-21 Estimated Actual	2021-22 Budget Target	Note
	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
Total Cost of Service Less Income (a)	49,675 37,685	52,053 47,788	51,852 49,068	53,841 60,789	11
Net Cost of Service	11,990	4,265	2,784	(6,948)	2
Employees (Full-Time Equivalents)	116	106	112	112	
Efficiency Indicators Average cost per visitor at Rottnest Island	\$98.84	\$173.51	\$125.99	\$129.74	

⁽a) Changes to Treasurer's instruction 1102: Statements of Comprehensive Income since the 2020-21 Budget have reclassified all sources of revenue from Government from the Net Cost of Service calculation. Accordingly, Net Cost of Service may be higher compared with previous Budget Papers.

Explanation of Significant Movements

(Notes)

- The 2021-22 Budget Target is higher compared to the 2020-21 Budget primarily due to higher own-source
 revenue that is based on visitation levels forecast prior to COVID-19 pandemic. There has also been an
 increase in Commonwealth grant income in 2021-22 associated with delivering enhancing National Tourism
 lcons Projects.
- 2. The change in Net Cost of Service in the 2021-22 Budget Target compared to the 2020-21 Budget is due to the higher pre-COVID-19 visitation levels for own-source revenue and increased Commonwealth grant income.

3. Visitor Services and Public Programs Provided at Perth Zoo

Provide facilities, experiences and educational programs to visitors to the Perth Zoo for their enjoyment and appreciation of natural, cultural and heritage values and to encourage positive behavioural change and community participation in the conservation of plants, animals and habitats.

	2019-20 Actual	2020-21 Budget	2020-21 Estimated Actual	2021-22 Budget Target	Note
T. 110 . 110 . 1	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	\$'000	
Total Cost of Service Less Income ^(a)	23,165 12,397	23,492 15,386	24,459 17,071	24,086 16,009	1_
Net Cost of Service	10,768	8,106	7,388	8,077	
Employees (Full-Time Equivalents)	140	141	141	141	
Efficiency Indicators Average cost per visitor at Perth Zoo	\$41.80	\$33.56	\$32.84	\$33.22	

⁽a) Changes to Treasurer's instruction 1102: Statements of Comprehensive Income since the 2020-21 Budget have reclassified all sources of revenue from Government from the Net Cost of Service calculation. Accordingly, Net Cost of Service may be higher compared with previous Budget Papers.

Explanation of Significant Movements

(Notes)

 The 2020-21 Estimated Actual is higher compared to the 2020-21 Budget primarily due to a one-off Commonwealth grant income of \$1.8 million related to tourism impacts on zoos and aquaria from the COVID-19 pandemic.

4. Visitor Services and Public Programs Provided in the Swan and Canning Riverpark

Provide facilities, experiences and programs to visitors to the Swan and Canning Riverpark for their enjoyment and appreciation of natural, cultural and heritage values and to strengthen community understanding and support for conservation of plants, animals and habitats.

	2019-20 Actual	2020-21 Budget	2020-21 Estimated Actual	2021-22 Budget Target	Note
Total Cost of Service	\$'000 13,416 416	\$'000 14,555 403	\$'000 14,555 448	\$'000 16,175 442	1
Net Cost of Service	13,000	14,152	14,107	15,733	
Employees (Full-Time Equivalents)	54	54	57	57	
Efficiency Indicators Average cost per hectare in the Swan and Canning Riverpark	\$1,832.35	\$1,987.84	\$1,987.84	\$2,209.10	1

⁽a) Changes to Treasurer's instruction 1102: Statements of Comprehensive Income since the 2020-21 Budget have reclassified all sources of revenue from Government from the Net Cost of Service calculation. Accordingly, Net Cost of Service may be higher compared with previous Budget Papers.

Explanation of Significant Movements

(Notes)

1. The 2021-22 Budget Target is higher compared to the 2020-21 Budget primarily due to increased spending on election commitments relating to the Swan and Canning Riverpark initiatives, construction of an artificial shellfish reef and the Urban Forest projects.

5. Visitor Services and Public Programs Provided in National Parks and Other Lands and Waters

Provide facilities, experiences and programs to visitors to national parks and other lands and waters for their enjoyment and appreciation of natural, cultural and heritage values and to strengthen community understanding and support for conservation of plants and animals.

	2019-20 Actual	2020-21 Budget	2020-21 Estimated Actual	2021-22 Budget Target	Note
Total Cost of Service	\$'000 96,043 29,341	\$'000 115,299 28,521	\$'000 109,087 33,967	\$'000 148,539 33,681	1
Net Cost of Service Employees (Full-Time Equivalents)	66,702 425	86,778 450	75,120 463	114,858 571	1
Efficiency Indicators Average cost per hectare in national parks and other lands and waters	\$3.04	\$3.60	\$3.45	\$4.60	1

⁽a) Changes to Treasurer's instruction 1102: Statements of Comprehensive Income since the 2020-21 Budget have reclassified all sources of revenue from Government from the Net Cost of Service calculation. Accordingly, Net Cost of Service may be higher compared with previous Budget Papers.

Explanation of Significant Movements

(Notes)

1. The increase in the 2021-22 Budget Target and the 2020-21 Estimated Actual Total Cost of Service, full-time equivalents (FTEs) and Average cost per hectare in national parks and other lands and waters compared to the 2020-21 Budget is mainly due to increased spending on election commitment projects, various PfOP initiatives, the Pila Nature Reserve Joint Management, the Yamatji Nation Indigenous Land Use Agreement, the South West Native Title Settlement and the Murujuga National Park Access Road. The depreciation expense is also estimated to be higher for this service compared to previous years due to increased expenditure in park infrastructure.

6. Conserving Habitats, Species and Ecological Communities

Develop and implement programs for the conservation of biodiversity.

	2019-20 Actual	2020-21 Budget	2020-21 Estimated Actual	2021-22 Budget Target	Note
Total Cost of Service	\$'000 69,267 7,408	\$'000 74,047 7,564	\$'000 69,853 7,637	\$'000 75,833 7,841	1
Net Cost of Service	61,859	66,483	62,216	67,992	
Employees (Full-Time Equivalents)	466	480	481	496	1
Efficiency Indicators Average cost per hectare of wildlife habitat	\$2.19	\$2.31	\$2.21	\$2.35	

⁽a) Changes to Treasurer's instruction 1102: Statements of Comprehensive Income since the 2020-21 Budget have reclassified all sources of revenue from Government from the Net Cost of Service calculation. Accordingly, Net Cost of Service may be higher compared with previous Budget Papers.

Explanation of Significant Movements

(Notes)

1. The 2021-22 Budget Target is higher compared to the 2020-21 Budget mainly due to additional spending on additional FTEs for Regulatory Approvals Reforms to increase capacity for frontline advice and support the Streamline WA reform program.

7. Research and Conservation Partnerships

Work with the community, industry, traditional owners and other stakeholders to deliver research and conservation outcomes.

	2019-20 Actual	2020-21 Budget	2020-21 Estimated Actual	2021-22 Budget Target	Note
Total Cost of Service	\$'000 23,855 15,300	\$'000 31,762 14,929	\$'000 25,987 16,097	\$'000 27,078 16,347	1
Net Cost of Service	8,555	16,833	9,890	10,731	
Employees (Full-Time Equivalents)	105	103	103	103	
Efficiency Indicators Average cost per hectare of wildlife habitat	\$0.75	\$0.99	\$0.82	\$0.84	1

⁽a) Changes to Treasurer's instruction 1102: Statements of Comprehensive Income since the 2020-21 Budget have reclassified all sources of revenue from Government from the Net Cost of Service calculation. Accordingly, Net Cost of Service may be higher compared with previous Budget Papers.

Explanation of Significant Movements

(Notes)

1. The 2021-22 Budget Target is lower compared to the 2020-21 Budget due to a realignment of the Total Cost of Service based on actuals.

8. Implementation of the Forest Management Plan

Manage State forests in accordance with the approved Forest Management Plan (FMP) and provide services that support forest production activities.

	2019-20 Actual	2020-21 Budget	2020-21 Estimated Actual	2021-22 Budget Target	Note
Total Cost of Service	\$'000 18,126 3,819	\$'000 19,237 3,712	\$'000 19,028 3,818	\$'000 21,826 3,780	1
Net Cost of Service	14,307	15,525	15,210	18,046	
Employees (Full-Time Equivalents)	122	126	126	141	2
Efficiency Indicators Average cost per hectare of forest	\$14.04	\$14.90	\$14.74	\$16.90	1

⁽a) Changes to Treasurer's instruction 1102: Statements of Comprehensive Income since the 2020-21 Budget have reclassified all sources of revenue from Government from the Net Cost of Service calculation. Accordingly, Net Cost of Service may be higher compared with previous Budget Papers.

Explanation of Significant Movements

(Notes)

- 1. The Total Cost of Service in 2021-22 is higher compared to the 2020-21 Budget and 2020-21 Estimated Actual mainly due to additional spending on the development of the next 10 year FMP (2024-33).
- The FTEs in the 2021-22 Budget Target is higher compared to the 2020-21 Budget due to the employment of additional finite FTEs to develop the FMP (2024-33).

9. Prescribed Burning and Fire Management

Deliver prescribed burning and fire management to protect the community and enhance natural values.

	2019-20 Actual	2020-21 Budget	2020-21 Estimated Actual	2021-22 Budget Target	Note
Total Cost of Service Less Income (a)	\$'000 49,548 1,500	\$'000 52,411 1,458	\$'000 51,688 1,557	\$'000 52,990 1,542	
Net Cost of Service	48,048	50,953	50,131	51,448	
Employees (Full-Time Equivalents)	250	260	260	260	
Efficiency Indicators Average cost per hectare burnt	\$13.95	\$14.33	\$13.70	\$14.49	

⁽a) Changes to Treasurer's instruction 1102: Statements of Comprehensive Income since the 2020-21 Budget have reclassified all sources of revenue from Government from the Net Cost of Service calculation. Accordingly, Net Cost of Service may be higher compared with previous Budget Papers.

10. Bushfire Suppression

Suppress bushfires that threaten or occur on lands managed by the Department.

	2019-20 Actual	2020-21 Budget	2020-21 Estimated Actual	2021-22 Budget Target	Note
Total Cost of Service	\$'000 48,835 808	\$'000 32,468 786	\$'000 45,467 843	\$'000 40,922 835	1
Net Cost of Service	48,027	31,682	44,624	40,087	
Employees (Full-Time Equivalents)	153	125	125	125	
Efficiency Indicators Average cost per hectare burnt	\$16.62	\$11.74	\$111.14	\$13.27	1,2

⁽a) Changes to Treasurer's instruction 1102: Statements of Comprehensive Income since the 2020-21 Budget have reclassified all sources of revenue from Government from the Net Cost of Service calculation. Accordingly, Net Cost of Service may be higher compared with previous Budget Papers.

Explanation of Significant Movements

(Notes)

- The 2021-22 Budget Target is higher compared to the 2020-21 Budget due to a realignment of the Total Cost of Service, Net Cost of Service and Average cost per hectare burnt based on actuals. The 2020-21 Estimated Actual includes \$9.5 million of unforeseen expenditure associated with bushfire suppression.
- 2. A significant decrease in the area of land burnt by bushfires on Department-managed lands in regional Western Australia has resulted in a higher Average cost per hectare burnt for the 2020-21 Estimated Actual compared to 2020-21 Budget, and previous year actual.

Asset Investment Program

- 1. The Department will continue with ongoing investment programs at the Perth Zoo, Rottnest Island, Kings Park and in national parks and other lands and waters across the State. The total Asset Investment Program over four years is \$364.8 million, which includes \$101.2 million for election commitments. The Department's new significant projects include:
 - 1.1. An amount of \$30 million will be spent over 2021-22 to 2024-25 to progress a range of priority projects and leverage private sector funding opportunities for asset investment priorities as part of the Perth Zoo Masterplan 2040. Some of the key Masterplan projects include a new orangutan enclosure; construction of a conservation centre of excellence; and bear and tiger tunnels in the treetops.
 - 1.2. A total of \$16.9 million will be spent on Peri-Urban Parks on four national parks on Perth's urban periphery. The key features of the proposed works include:
 - 1.2.1. \$8.4 million for John Forrest National Park improvements including a Park Centre to be established as a hub for activity and services, improvements to existing picnic facilities and creation of new picnic and other spaces;
 - 1.2.2. \$3.2 million for Serpentine National Park Upgrades including redeveloping the visitor precinct picnic facilities and walk trails to facilitate a higher level of visitation by groups, individuals, and trail users:
 - 1.2.3. \$2 million for Walyunga National Park improvements including the upgrade and redevelopment of Boongarup Pool in partnership with Traditional Owners to support local jobs and Aboriginal business development opportunities; and
 - 1.2.4. \$3.3 million for a new Penguin Island Discovery Centre and upgrade and refurbish existing buildings and facilities, including the jetty.

- 1.3. A total of \$16 million will be spent on improved visitor facilities at key recreation sites within the Karijini National Park, such as Dales and Weano Gorges. Proposed works include a new campground, cultural walk trail and interpretive facilities and sealing road access to the most popular gorge sites, including Weano Gorge, Karijini Eco Retreat and Dales Gorge to enable hire cars and coaches to travel safely to these sites.
- 1.4. At Mount Augustus National Park, \$10 million will be spent for road and camping infrastructure with the aim to grow the tourism sector including improvements to visitor safety telecommunications, visitor experience, such as trails and interpretation and development of Aboriginal cultural tourism in consultation with Traditional Owners.
- 1.5. An amount of \$6.3 million will be spent on improvements at the Yellagonga Regional Park in Joondalup, including 7 km of mountain bike trails, a boardwalk between Ocean Reef Road and Whitfords Avenue, a nature playground adjacent to Luisini Winery, interpretative material, additional planting around the lake, viewing platform and boardwalk at Lake Joondalup on the Wanneroo side and completion of a cycling and walk trail network within the park.
- 1.6. There will be \$5 million invested at Murujuga National Park (Conzinc Bay) to improve visitor facilities at Conzinc Bay in order to support increased visitation associated with the Murujuga Living Knowledge Centre.
- 1.7. Yawuru Conservation Park will have \$4.5 million spent to provide facilities and upgrade roads to meet visitor demand. The improvements planned include track and trail upgrades, viewing platforms, boardwalks, stairs, park furniture and other day use facilities to improve the park's tourism offerings.
- 1.8. A total of \$3.3 million will be spent towards tourism infrastructure at The Gap, Torndirrup National Park including a larger car park, new toilets, trails in nearby sites, a kiosk for a commercial outlet opportunity and creation of an entrance portal.
- 1.9. Beeliar Wetlands will have \$3 million invested to construct a new boardwalk and viewing platform.
- 1.10. An amount of \$2.4 million will be spent to complete the final 18 km of mountain bike trails within the Dwellingup area.
- 1.11. There will be \$1.8 million spent to build a new, safer boat docking station at Danggu Geike Gorge.
- 1.12. A total of \$1 million will be spent on visitor infrastructure improvements to enhance access for visitors with disability to national parks and the conservation estate.
- 1.13. Kimberley Wilderness Walk, Wunaamin Miliwundi Ranges will have \$0.9 million invested to develop the first long-distance trek in the Kimberley.
- 1.14. An amount of \$0.3 million will be spent to improve visitor safety, access, and amenity at Kalbarri Island Rock in the Kalbarri National Park.
- 1.15. There will be an additional \$15.6 million spent by the Rottnest Island Authority (RIA) for maintenance on priority one maintenance projects in relation to water, energy, transport and waste assets identified in the Strategic Asset Plan to support the island's operations. As a result, the RIA will spend a total of \$34.2 million on holiday and tourism facilities.
- 1.16. Under Plan for Our Parks (PfOP) there will be \$5.3 million spent for essential start up infrastructure to implement joint management arrangements over the Badimia Conservation Reserves and Thunderlarra Conservation Park. PfOP will also invest in additional areas with \$1.8 million to be spent for the planning, design and implementation of essential capital infrastructure proposed for the additional areas as part of Indigenous Land Use Agreements and joint management negotiations.
- 1.17. An additional \$1.6 million will be spent in 2021-22 to complete the Sustainable Development of Abrolhos Islands project which will enhance tourism infrastructure and the park operations base.

	Estimated Total Cost \$'000	Estimated Expenditure to 30-6-21 \$'000	2020-21 Estimated Expenditure \$'000	2021-22 Budget Estimate \$'000	2022-23 Forward Estimate \$'000	2023-24 Forward Estimate \$'000	2024-25 Forward Estimate \$'000
WORKS IN PROGRESS							
COVID-19 Response							
Infrastructure Stimulus Package Bibbulmun Track and Munda Biddi Trail Renewal	1,195	510	510	685	_	_	_
Gascoyne Region Parks - Assets Refurbishment	800	501	501	299	_	-	_
Gloucester Tree - Power Supply Connection	225	50	50	175	-	-	-
Goldfields Esperance Parks - Assets Refurbishment	700	517	517	183	-	-	-
Great Southern Adventure Trails	12,780	755	755	2,780	5,775	3,470	-
Great Southern Region Parks - Assets Refurbishment Karijini Park - Dales Campground Visitor Facilities	900	620	620	280	-	-	-
Renewal Kimberley Region Parks - Assets Refurbishment	900 1,000	817 426	817 426	83 574	-	-	-
Kings Park and Botanic Garden Playground Upgrade	500	350	350	150	_	_	_
Upgrade to Café Building	300	250	250	50	-	-	_
Mandurah Parks Wetlands Boardwalks - Replace and Upgrade	750	195	195	555	_	_	-
Margaret River - Rebuild the Pines Mountain Bike Trails	350	325	325	25	-	-	-
Midwest Region Parks - Assets Refurbishment	350	160	160	190	-	-	-
Monkey Mia RejuvenationParks in the Gascoyne Region - Renewal of Visitor	600	350	350	250	-	-	-
Access and Facilities	1,300	420	420	880	-	-	-
Parks in the Great Southern Region - Renewal of Walk and Cycle Trails	2,240	225	225	590	1,155	270	-
Parks in the Perth Metro Region - Visitor Access and	2.450	615	615	010	925		
Facilities Upgrades Peel Region Parks - Assets Refurbishment	2,450 200	615 30	30	910 170	925	-	-
Pemberton Climbing Trees - Viewing Platforms				40			
Replacement Penguin Island	175	135	135		-	-	-
Jetty Deck Repairs New and Improved Visitor Facilities	50 407	35 387	35 387	15 20	-	-	-
Perth Hills Bike Trails	407	301	301	20	-	-	-
Goat Farm and Kalamunda Circuit	2,000	625	625	1,375	-	-	-
John Forrest National Park	1,500	170	170	880	450	-	-
Perth Metro Region Parks - Assets Refurbishment Perth Zoo Café/Function Centre	643 13,520	523 250	523 250	3,500	120 9,770	-	-
Point Peron, Rockingham Lakes - Paths Upgrade	1,100	50	50	1,050	5,770	-	_
Porongurup National Park - Castle Rock Car Park	,			,			
Expansion	50	10	10	40	-	-	-
Rabbit Hill Day Use Area - Visitor Facilities Upgrade Rottnest Island	125	78	78	47	-	-	-
Water Network	14,650	1,400	1,400	5,600	3,550	4,100	_
Water Production	11,350	1,600	1,600	3,800	5,350	600	-
Serpentine National Park - Visitor Facilities Upgrade	150	35	35	115	-	-	-
Shark Bay World Heritage Area - Parks Improvements	500	450	450	50 380	-	-	-
Shell Beach, Shark Bay - Visitor Facilities Upgrade State-wide - Trails Planning and Design for Mountain	400	20	20	300	-	-	-
Bike Trails	40	18	18	22	-	-	-
Steep Point, Shark Bay - Access Road Realignment	400	0	0	00			
and Upgrade Thundelarra Homestead, Karara Rangelands - Access	100	2	2	98	-	-	-
Road Improvements	25	2	2	23	-	-	-
Replacement	180	15	15	165	_	-	_
Other Works in Progress							
Collie Adventure Trails Collie Tourism Readiness and Economic Stimulation	9,505	3,203	2,348	3,437	2,865	-	-
Collie Township - Wayfinding and Tourism Amenities	600	225	225	375	-	-	-
Wellington National Park - Parking and Tourism Facilities	2,500	563	563	1,437	500	-	-
COVID-19 National and World Heritage	FF0	050	050	200			
Danggu Visitor Hub Redevelopment Porongurup Granite Skywalk Walk Trail Upgrade	556 550	256 150	256 150	300 400	-	-	-
Election Commitments Callia Practon Region Ungrades Legal Reads	2 200	2 400	1.077	120			
Collie Preston Region Upgrades Local RoadsLake Stockton	3,300 250	3,180 218	1,077 21	120 32	-	-	-
Park Improvement - Lake Kepwari	5,166	3,936	1,252	1,230	_	-	-
Plan for Our Parks - Preston River to Ocean and							
Leschenault Regional Parks (Kalgulup)	5,496	336	114	5,160	2444	-	-
Karratha Regional Office Koombana Park Facilities	5,663 11,404	121 9,322	121 338	3,431 2,082	2,111	-	-
Park Improvement - William Bay National Park Tourism	11,404	0,022	300	2,302			
Infrastructure	2,500	1,752	1,543	748	-	-	-

	Estimated	Estimated Expenditure	2020-21 Estimated	2021-22 Budget	2022-23 Forward	2023-24 Forward	2024-25 Forward
	\$'000	to 30-6-21 \$'000	Expenditure \$'000	Estimate \$'000	Estimate \$'000	Estimate \$'000	Estimate \$'000
Plan for Our Parks							
Buccaneer Archipelago	3,403	167	167	935	1,451	799	51
Helena and Aurora Range National Park	570	301	224	21	248	-	-
Houtman Abrolhos Islands National Park Management Ningaloo Coastal Reserve	11,600 1,500	2,946 500	2,445 500	8,654 500	500	-	-
COMPLETED WORKS							
COVID-19 Response	450	450	450				
Biodiversity Information Office - 2020-21 Program Infrastructure Stimulus Package	150	150	150	-	-	-	-
Beedelup Falls - Complete Boardwalk Replacement	50	50	50	-	_	-	_
Bells Gorge Upgrade Access Road	250	250	250	-	-	-	-
Danngu (Geikie Gorge) Day Use Area Upgrade	150	150	150	-	-	-	-
John Forrest National Park - Jane Brook Picnic Area Upgrade	175	175	175	_	_	_	
Kalbarri - Access Roads Line Marking	50	50	50	_	_	_	-
Karijini National Park - Fortescue Falls Lookout Access							
Path	125	125	125	-	-	-	-
Kings Park and Botanic Garden Replacement of Up-lights	400	400	400				
Stage at Exhibition Ground	150	150	400 150		_	-	-
Old Yanchep Road - Treat Black Spot and Upgrade	300	300	300	-	_	-	-
Parks in the Goldfields/Esperance Region - Renewal of							
Visitor Access and Facilities	400	400	400	-	-	-	-
Perth Hills Centre Campground - Assets Refurbishment	25	25	25	_	_	_	_
Pilbara Region Parks - Assets Refurbishment	400	400	400	-	_	-	-
Pinnacles Desert Discovery, Park Assets							
Refurbishment	186	186	186	-	-	-	-
Spring Creek Track Upgrade	250	250	250	-	-	-	-
Road Reseal	475	475	475	_	_	_	-
Wheatbelt Region Parks - Assets Refurbishment	414	414	414	-	-	-	-
Yanchep National Park	500	500	500				
Gloucester Lodge Asbestos Removal Reseal Park Roads and Car Parks	500 150	500 150	500 150	-	-	-	-
Other Completed Works	130	130	130		_	_	_
Botanic Gardens and Parks Authority - Asset							
Replacement - 2020-21 Program	850	850	850	-	-	-	-
Conservation Land Acquisition - 2020-21 Program Fire Related Bridge Maintenance and	380	380	380	-	-	-	-
Replacement - 2020-21 Program	1,900	1,900	1,900	_	_	_	_
Firefighting Fleet Replacement - 2020-21 Program	2,200	2,200	2,200	-	-	-	-
Park Improvement							
2020-21 ProgramGnangara Park Development - 2020-21 Program	4,300	4,300	4,300	-	-	-	-
Plant and Equipment - 2020-21 Program	400 7,344	400 7,344	400 7,344	-	-	-	-
Rottnest Island Authority	.,	7,011	.,				
Enhancing National Tourism Icons - 2020-21 Program.	5,622	5,622	5,622	-	-	-	-
Holiday and Tourism Facilities - 2020-21 Program	4,265	4,265	4,265	-	-	-	-
Jetty Upgrades - Fuel Jetty Tourism Road - Improvement 2020-21 Program	3,000 1,950	3,000 1,950	2,709 1,950		-	-	-
Zoological Parks Authority	1,330	1,000	1,550		_	_	_
Animal Exhibits and Park Facilities - 2020-21 Program	2,080	2,080	2,080	-	-	-	-
Facilities and Equipment - Computer	404	404	101				
Equipment - 2020-21 Program	131	131	131	-	-	-	-
NEW WORKS							
COVID-19 Response							
Biodiversity Information Office 2021-22 Program	2,177		_	2,177	_	_	
2022-23 Program	500	-	-	2,177	500	-	-
Infrastructure Stimulus Package							
Cape Peron, Shark Bay - Day Use Area Upgrade	100	-	-	100	-	-	-
Cape Range - 'Over the Range' Walk Trail	50 50	-	-	50 50	-	-	-
Donnelly River Boat Landing - Jetty Replacement Dunn Rock Access Road Upgrade	50 150	-	-	50 150	_	-	-
Gull Rock National Park - Ledge Beach Visitor	130	-	-	100	_	-	-
Facilities	135	-	-	135	-	-	-
Redgate Beach - Car Park Upgrade and Expansion	650	-	-	650	-	-	-
Thundelarra, Karara Rangelands - Assets	75			75			
Refurbishment	75	-	-	75	-	-	-

	Estimated Total Cost \$'000	Estimated Expenditure to 30-6-21 \$'000	2020-21 Estimated Expenditure \$'000	2021-22 Budget Estimate \$'000	2022-23 Forward Estimate \$'000	2023-24 Forward Estimate \$'000	2024-25 Forward Estimate \$'000
Election Commitments							
Accessible Parks	1,000	-	-	100	400	400	100
Beeliar Wetlands	3,000	-	-	150	500	1,560	790
Danggu Geike Gorge Dwellingup Trails Gap Project	1,750 2,350	_	-	500 1,010	1,250 1,000	340	-
Kalbarri Island Rock	2,330	_	_	200	50	340	_
Karijini National Park Upgrades	16,000	-	-	550	950	13,500	1,000
Kimberley Wilderness Walk, Wunaamin Miliwundi							
Ranges	850	-	-	300	300	250	-
Mount Augustus Tourism Infrastructure	10,000	-	-	570	880	3,580	4,970
Murujuga National Park	5,000	-	-	250	4,750	10.000	15 000
Perth Zoo Masterplan 2040 Plan for Our Parks - Expansion of Wellington National	30,000	-	-	2,500	2,500	10,000	15,000
Park	1,110	_	_	_	370	370	370
The Gap, Torndirrup National Park	3,300	-	-	150	250	2,900	-
Tourism Package - Department Component (Peri-Urban	-,					,	
Parks)	16,900	-	-	900	4,700	7,200	4,100
Yawuru Conservation Park	4,500	-	-	200	1,800	1,250	1,250
Yellagonga Regional Park	6,265	-	-	290	2,500	2,905	570
Other New Works Retenie Cordons and Barks Authority Accept							
Botanic Gardens and Parks Authority - Asset Replacement							
2021-22 Program	1,150	_	_	1,150	_	_	_
2022-23 Program	1,000	_	_	-	1,000	_	_
2023-24 Program	1,000	-	-	-	-	1,000	-
2024-25 Program	1,000	-	-	-	-	-	1,000
Conservation Land Acquisition							
2021-22 Program	400	-	-	400	-	-	-
2022-23 Program	420	-	-	-	420	-	-
2023-24 Program	420	-	-	-	-	420	420
2024-25 ProgramCOVID-19 National and World Heritage	420	-	-	-	-	-	420
Lesueur Cockleshell Gully Walk Trail Upgrade	40	_	_	40	_	_	_
Miluwindi Lennard Gorge Walkway and Lookout	320	_	_	320	_	_	_
Monkey Mia							
Interpretation	50	-	-	50	-	-	-
Trails and Landscape Works	200	-	-	200	-	-	-
Ningaloo Coast	450			450			
Kayak Trail	150	-	-	150	-	-	-
Milyering Discovery Centre Upgrade Porongurup Castle Rock Car Park Expansion and	150	-	-	150	-	-	-
Upgrade	420	_	_	420	_	_	_
Purnululu Visitor Centre Upgrade	350	-	-	350	_	_	-
Reddell Beach Visitor Infrastructure Redevelopment	800	-	-	800	-	-	-
Fire Related Bridge Maintenance and Replacement							
2021-22 Program	1,957	-	-	1,957	-	-	-
2022-23 Program	2,095	-	-	-	2,095	- 0.005	-
2023-24 Program	2,095	-	-	-	-	2,095	2.005
2024-25 ProgramFirefighting Fleet Replacement	2,095	-	-	-	-	-	2,095
2021-22 Program	2,200	_	_	2,200	_	_	_
2022-23 Program	2,200	-	-	_,	2,200	_	-
2023-24 Program	2,200	-	-	-	_	2,200	-
2024-25 Program	2,200	-	-	-	-	-	2,200
Park Improvement							
2021-22 Program	4,500	-	-	4,500	4.750	-	-
2022-23 Program	4,750	-	-	-	4,750	4 750	-
2023-24 Program2024-25 Program	4,750 4,750	-	-			4,750	4,750
Gnangara Park Development	4,730						4,730
2021-22 Program	200	-	-	200	_	_	-
2022-23 Program	200	-	-		200	-	-
2023-24 Program	200	-	-	-	-	200	-
2024-25 Program	200	-	-	-	-	-	200
Pila Nature Reserve	1,125	-	-	1,125	-	-	-
Plan for Our Parks	0.000			4.400	4.400	400	
Fitzroy National Park	2,680	-	-	1,460	1,100 2,584	120 671	425
Capital Plant and Equipment	7,100	-	-	3,420	2,304	0/1	423
2021-22 Program	4,351	_	_	4,351	_	_	-
2022-23 Program	6,018	-	-	-,50	6,018	-	-
2023-24 Program	8,629	-	-	-	-	8,629	-
2024-25 Program	8,629	-	-	-	-	-	8,629

	Estimated Total Cost \$'000	Estimated Expenditure to 30-6-21 \$'000	2020-21 Estimated Expenditure \$'000	2021-22 Budget Estimate \$'000	2022-23 Forward Estimate \$'000	2023-24 Forward Estimate \$'000	2024-25 Forward Estimate \$'000
Roebuck Bay Marine Park	179	-	-	179	-	-	-
Rottnest Island Authority							
Enhancing National Tourism Icons - 2021-22 Program Holiday and Tourism Facilities	9,526	-	-	9,526	-	-	-
2021-22 Program	6,886	-	-	6,886	-	-	-
2022-23 Program	8,278	-	-	-	8,278	-	-
2023-24 Program	9,229	-	-	-	-	9,229	-
2024-25 Program	9,789	-	-	-	-	-	9,789
Jetty Upgrades							
Barge Landing and Cargo Facilities	800	-	-	800	-	-	-
Main Jetty	11,250	-	-	4,000	6,000	1,250	-
South Thomson Seawall	2,870	_	-	2,870	-	-	_
Tourism Road Improvement	_,-,-			_,			
2021-22 Program	2,050	_	_	2,050	_	_	_
2022-23 Program	2,150	_	_	_,000	2,150	_	_
2023-24 Program	2,150	_	_		2,100	2,150	_
2024-25 Program	2,150	_	_	_	_	2,100	2,150
Zoological Parks Authority	2,100						2,100
Animal Exhibits and Park Facilities							
2021-22 Program	2.855			2,855			
2022-23 Program	1,905	_	_	2,000	1,905		_
2023-24 Program	1,905	-	-	_	1,903	1,905	_
2024-25 Program	1,905	-	-	_	-	1,903	1 005
<u> </u>	1,905	-	-	-	-	-	1,905
Facilities and Equipment - Computer Equipment	100		_	100			
2021-22 Program		-	-	100	400	-	-
2022-23 Program	100	-	-	-	100	400	-
2023-24 Program	100	-	-	-	-	100	-
2024-25 Program	100	-	-	-	-		100
Total Cost of Asset Investment Program	443,943	79,119	62,996	118,477	96,270	88,213	61,864
FUNDED DV							
FUNDED BY							
Asset Sales			500	500	500	500	500
Capital Appropriation			26,300	48,293	55,277	39,544	27,235
Commonwealth Grants			7,347	10,101	-		
Drawdowns from Royalties for Regions Fund			13,545	21,133	15,095	21,820	7,220
Drawdowns from the Holding Account			11,802	12,480	13,320	13,320	13,320
Internal Funds and Balances			3,358	24,200	12,078	13,029	13,589
Other			144	-	-	-	-
Other Grants and Subsidies			-	1,770	-	-	-
Total Funding			62,996	118,477	96,270	88,213	61,864

Financial Statements

Income Statement

Expenses

1. The 2019-20 Actual Total Cost of Services of \$617.7 million includes a one-off Land Revaluation Decrement of \$215.5 million as a result of an annual valuation undertaken by the Valuer General's Office of the Department's managed lands and waters. The Total Cost of Services is estimated to increase by \$46.8 million between the 2020-21 Budget and the 2021-22 Budget Estimate, mainly due to increased spending on election commitment projects, the Regulatory Approvals Reform, development of the next 10 year FMP (2024-33), various PfOP initiatives, Pila Nature Reserve Joint Management, Yamatji Nation Indigenous Land Use Agreement, South West Native Title Settlement and the construction of the Murujuga National Park Access Road.

Income

2. Total Income From State Government is estimated to increase by \$34.2 million to \$345.8 million in the 2021-22 Budget Estimate compared to the 2020-21 Budget, largely due to the additional funding provided for the above noted initiatives and Royalties for Region projects.

Statement of Financial Position

 The largest asset for the Department is land held for conservation and multiple uses, reported under Property, plant and equipment. Restricted cash in specific purpose accounts funded by external parties represents the majority of the Department's cash holdings.

Statement of Cashflows

4. Purchase of non-current assets is expected to increase from \$93.9 million in the 2020-21 Budget to \$118.5 million in the 2021-22 Budget Estimate. The increase of \$24.6 million is largely the result of increased expenditure on election commitments, PfOP projects, infrastructure upgrades at World and National Heritage sites, jetties and tourism facilities upgrades on Rottnest Island.

INCOME STATEMENT (a) (Controlled)

	2019-20 Actual \$'000	2020-21 Budget \$'000	2020-21 Estimated Actual \$'000	2021-22 Budget Estimate \$'000	2022-23 Forward Estimate \$'000	2023-24 Forward Estimate \$'000	2024-25 Forward Estimate \$'000
COST OF SERVICES							
Expenses Employee benefits (b)	220,167 8,262 99,879 6,216 38,087	221,725 5,150 115,141 7,680 45,171	223,136 10,659 116,804 4,835 40,575	238,568 13,974 135,138 7,431 45,859	238,759 12,679 121,843 8,168 46,223	239,388 8,757 122,109 8,377 46,513	239,167 7,853 121,931 8,381 46,511
Finance and interest costs	284	490 29,904	322 25,451	492 30,575	497 30,535	577 30,772	573 30,972
TOTAL COST OF SERVICES	617,653	425,261	421,782	472,037	458,704	456,493	455,388
Income Sale of goods and services	63,131 12,742 15,975 22,020	75,491 586 27,284 21,462	74,230 10,943 21,500 28,176	76,216 16,455 32,636 22,532	77,026 17,488 15,248 22,685	77,454 18,488 15,283 22,708	78,048 18,488 15,283 22,258
Total Income	113,868	124,823	134,849	147,839	132,447	133,933	134,077
NET COST OF SERVICES (e)	503,785	300,438	286,933	324,198	326,257	322,560	321,311
INCOME FROM STATE GOVERNMENT Service appropriations	259,179 1,466 17,098 21,772	266,211 1,591 23,302 20,436	272,390 1,579 11,633 19,513	285,789 1,591 35,134 23,236	283,588 1,591 23,249 21,467	277,648 1,591 25,273 21,467	273,740 1,591 27,457 21,467
TOTAL INCOME FROM STATE GOVERNMENT	299,515	311,540	305,115	345,750	329,895	325,979	324,255
SURPLUS/(DEFICIENCY) FOR THE PERIOD	(204,270)	11,102	18,182	21,552	3,638	3,419	2,944

- (a) Full audited financial statements are published in the Department's Annual Report.
- (b) The full-time equivalents for 2019-20 Actual, 2020-21 Estimated Actual and 2021-22 Budget Estimate are 1,873, 1,912 and 2,051 respectively.
- (c) Refer to the Details of Controlled Grants and Subsidies table below for further information.
- (d) The 2019-20 Actual for Other expenses includes a \$215.5 million Asset Revaluation Decrement.
- (e) Changes to Treasurer's instruction 1102: Statements of Comprehensive Income since the 2020-21 Budget have moved all revenue received from Government out of the calculation of Net Cost of Services and into Income from State Government. This may have increased the Net Cost of Services compared to previously published Budgets.

DETAILS OF CONTROLLED GRANTS AND SUBSIDIES

	2019-20 Actual \$'000	2020-21 Budget \$'000	2020-21 Estimated Actual \$'000	2021-22 Budget Estimate \$'000	2022-23 Forward Estimate \$'000	2023-24 Forward Estimate \$'000	2024-25 Forward Estimate \$'000
Aboriginal Ranger ProgramCity of Karratha - Murujuga National Park	3,017	-	5,859	2,000	2,000	2,000	2,000
Access Road		-	-	5,000	5,000	-	-
Conservation Council of Western Australia	109	-	-	-	-	-	-
Election Commitments	-	-	-	3,553	2,258	3,336	2,932
Legal Aid Commission of Western Australia	50	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nature Conservation Benefit	714	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other Swan and Canning Rivers Community	175	-	733	-	-	-	-
Rivercare	300	300	300	-	-	-	-
Swan and Canning Rivers Management	3,620	4,450	3,417	3,021	3,021	3,021	2,521
Wildlife Conservation	277	400	350	400	400	400	400
TOTAL	8,262	5,150	10,659	13,974	12,679	8,757	7,853

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (a) (Controlled)

			ı				
	2019-20	2020-21	2020-21 Estimated	2021-22 Budget	2022-23 Forward	2023-24 Forward	2024-25 Forward
	Actual \$'000	Budget \$'000	Actual \$'000	Estimate \$'000	Estimate \$'000	Estimate \$'000	Estimate \$'000
CURRENT ASSETS							
Cash assets	66,729	64,428	65,685	65,396	64,929	62.783	59,388
Restricted cash	65,538	59,049	76,325	63,872	62,982	62,853	62,853
Holding account receivables	11,802	11,802	11,802	13,320	13,320	12,320	1,020
Receivables	12,434	12,981	10,317	10,816	11,314	12,165	12,873
Other	8,675	8,310	10,280	10,190	9,774	9,007	8,243
Assets held for sale	44	44	44	44	44	44	44
Total current assets	165,222	156,614	174,453	163,638	162,363	159,172	144,421
NON-CURRENT ASSETS							
Holding account receivables	227,796	254,921	254,921	279,943	305,643	332,331	369,318
Property, plant and equipment	3,000,965	3,055,901	3,034,422	3,113,188	3,168,167	3,215,532	3,236,128
Receivables	128	128	128	128	128	128	128
Intangibles	1,047	724	839	515	191	115	115
Restricted cash	2,857	3,827	3,523	4,493	4,563	4,633	4,785
Other	2,407	1,088	2,807	2,105	1,719	1,719	1,719
Total non-current assets	3,235,200	3,316,589	3,296,640	3,400,372	3,480,411	3,554,458	3,612,193
TOTAL ASSETS	3,400,422	3,473,203	3,471,093	3,564,010	3,642,774	3,713,630	3,756,614
CURRENT LIABILITIES							
Employee provisions	44,247	44,533	43,849	44,135	44,421	44,707	44,980
Payables	8,368	8,912	11,251	11,251	11,251	11,251	11,251
Borrowings and leases	4,103	3,930	4,869	5,361	4,775	5,320	5,185
Other	33,814	31,386	36,547	32,454	32,464	32,474	32,484
Total current liabilities	90,532	88,761	96,516	93,201	92,911	93,752	93,900
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES							
Employee provisions	8,755	8,754	8,755	8,755	8,755	8,755	8,755
Borrowings and leases	6,805	6,012	6,627	6,462	6,026	5,804	5,987
Other	9,225	9,226	9,225	9,225	9,225	9,225	9,225
Total non-current liabilities	24,785	23,992	24,607	24,442	24,006	23,784	23,967
TOTAL LIABILITIES	115,317	112,753	121,123	117,643	116,917	117,536	117,867
	·		·		·		·
EQUITY							
Contributed equity		3,290,916	3,274,868	3,349,213	3,424,565	3,490,883	3,530,292
Accumulated surplus/(deficit)	(79,381)	(68,251)	(61,199)	(39,647)	(36,009)	(32,590)	(29,646)
Reserves	135,800	137,785	136,301	136,801	137,301	137,801	138,101
Total equity	3,285,105	3,360,450	3,349,970	3,446,367	3,525,857	3,596,094	3,638,747
	5,255,100	5,550,100	5,5 .5,510	5, 5,557	5,525,551	5,555,66 F	0,000,111
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FOLLITY	3,400,422	2 472 202	2 471 002	2 564 040	2 642 774	3,713,630	2 756 614
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	3,400,422	3,473,203	3,471,093	3,564,010	3,642,774	3,713,030	3,756,614

⁽a) Full audited financial statements are published in the Department's Annual Report.

STATEMENT OF CASHFLOWS (a) (b) (Controlled)

	2019-20	2020-21	2020-21	2021-22	2022-23	2023-24	2024-25
	Actual \$'000	Budget \$'000	Estimated Actual \$'000	Budget Estimate \$'000	Forward Estimate \$'000	Forward Estimate \$'000	Forward Estimate \$'000
CARLEL CIVIC FROM CTATE	\$ 000	\$ 000	\$ 000	\$ 000	\$ 000	\$ 000	\$ 000
CASHFLOWS FROM STATE GOVERNMENT							
Service appropriations	220,128	227,284	233,463	246,769	244,568	238,640	234,733
Capital appropriation	10,778	39,344	31,157	53,212	60,257	44,498	32,189
Administered equity contribution Holding account drawdowns	1,200 10,737	3,700 11,802	11,802	12,480	13,320	13,320	13,320
Royalties for Regions Fund:	. 0,. 0.	,002	,002	,	. 0,020	.0,020	.0,020
Regional Community Services Fund	18,371	29,000	11,633	35,313	23,249	25,273	27,457
Regional Infrastructure and Headworks Fund	17,286	13,485	13,545	20,954	15,095	21,820	7,220
Other		20,658	22,324	23,236	21,466	21,466	21,466
Net cash provided by State Government	302,303	345,273	323,924	391,964	377,955	365,017	336,385
CASHFLOWS FROM OPERATING							
ACTIVITIES Payments							
Employee benefits	(214,414)	(221,912)	(224,639)	(238,352)	(238,540)	(239,169)	(238,958)
Grants and subsidies	(8,262)	(5,150)	(10,618)	(13,359)	(12,509)	(7,507)	(7,653)
Supplies and services Accommodation	(85,659) (4,950)	(101,033) (7,402)	(96,345)	(122,063)	(108,508) (7,888)	(109,998) (8,097)	(109,024) (8,103)
GST payments	(19,454)	(16,902)	(4,480) (17,658)	(7,152) (16,902)	(16,902)	(16,902)	(16,902)
Finance and interest costs	(284)	(490)	(321)	(486)	(492)	(573)	(571)
Other payments	(44,382)	(43,374)	(40,931)	(44,532)	(44,343)	(44,436)	(44,370)
Receipts (c)							
Regulatory fees and fines	15,915	586	10,943	16,455	17,488	18,488	18,488
Grants and subsidies	19,059	26,280	18,727	29,325	16,050	16,050	16,050
Sale of goods and servicesGST receipts	62,238 19,540	76,802 16,905	76,261 18,429	77,527 16,905	78,337 16,905	78,765 16,905	78,847 16,905
Other receipts		21,018	24,798	22,088	22,241	22,264	22,326
•						-	
Net cash from operating activities	(237,195)	(254,672)	(245,834)	(280,546)	(278,161)	(274,210)	(272,965)
CASHFLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES							
Purchase of non-current assets Proceeds from sale of non-current assets	(45,946) 1,218	(93,926) 500	(62,996) 504	(118,477) 500	(96,270) 500	(88,213) 500	(61,864) 500
Net cash from investing activities	(44,728)	(93,426)	(62,492)	(117,977)	(95,770)	(87,713)	(61,364)
CASHFLOWS FROM FINANCING							
ACTIVITIES Repayment of borrowings and leases	(5,256)	(4,991)	(5,189)	(5,209)	(5,311)	(5,299)	(5,299)
. ,		(4,991)	, , ,			(5,299)	
Net cash from financing activities	(5,256)	(4,991)	(5,189)	(5,209)	(5,311)	(5,299)	(5,299)
NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH HELD	15,124	(7,816)	10,409	(11,768)	(1,287)	(2,205)	(3,243)
Cash assets at the beginning of the reporting period	120,000	135,124	135,124	145,533	133,761	132,474	130,269
Net cash transferred to/from other agencies		(4)	-	(4)		_	
Cash assets at the end of the reporting period	135,124	127,304	145,533	133,761	132,474	130,269	127,026
•	-, -	,	-,	-,	,	-,	,

⁽a) Full audited financial statements are published in the Department's Annual Report.

⁽b) Changes to Treasurer's instruction 1102: Statements of Comprehensive Income implemented since the 2020-21 Budget have reclassified revenue received from Government from the Cashflows from Operating Activities category to the Cashflows from State Government category. This may have changed the Net cash provided by State Government and Net cash from operating activities compared to previously published Budgets.

⁽c) A determination by the Treasurer, pursuant to section 23 of the *Financial Management Act 2006*, provides for the retention of some cash receipts by the Department. Refer to the Net Appropriation Determination table below for further information. Other receipts are retained under the authority of other relevant Acts of Parliament.

NET APPROPRIATION DETERMINATION (a) (b)

	2019-20 Actual \$'000	2020-21 Budget \$'000	2020-21 Estimated Actual \$'000	2021-22 Budget Estimate \$'000	2022-23 Forward Estimate \$'000	2023-24 Forward Estimate \$'000	2024-25 Forward Estimate \$'000
Regulatory Fees and Fines							
Regulatory Fees and Fines	382	190	372	190	190	190	190
Grants and Subsidies							
Grants and Subsidies	25,583	26,779	24,882	25,621	24,835	24,835	24,835
Sale of Goods and Services							
Sale of Goods and Services	41,926	31,873	40,453	35,239	35,239	35,239	35,239
GST Receipts							
GST Input Credits	8,476	5,827	7,943	5,827	5,827	5,827	5,827
GST Receipts on Sales	5,410	5,500	5,320	5,500	5,500	5,500	5,500
Other Receipts							
Other Receipts	17,433	14,328	18,467	14,899	15,047	15,070	15,090
Interest Received	1,063	1,988	321	1,988	1,988	1,988	1,988
TOTAL	100,273	86,485	97,758	89,264	88,626	88,649	88,669

DETAILS OF ADMINISTERED TRANSACTIONS

	2019-20 Actual \$'000	2020-21 Budget \$'000	2020-21 Estimated Actual \$'000	2021-22 Budget Estimate \$'000	2022-23 Forward Estimate \$'000	2023-24 Forward Estimate \$'000	2024-25 Forward Estimate \$'000
INCOME Fines Receipts from Regulatory Fees and Fines	63	30	30	30	30	30	30
TOTAL ADMINISTERED INCOME	63	30	30	30	30	30	30
EXPENSES Other Loss on Valuation of Biological Assets (a) Receipts Paid into the Consolidated	28,762	-	-	-	-	-	-
Account	63	30	30	30	30	30	30
TOTAL ADMINISTERED EXPENSES	28,825	30	30	30	30	30	30

⁽a) Native forest and sandalwood biological assets were transferred to the Department on 1 July 2019. The loss on valuation of biological assets reflects an asset revaluation decrement.

⁽a) The moneys received and retained are to be applied to the Department's services as specified in the Budget Statements.(b) The Botanic Gardens and Parks Authority, Rottnest Island Authority and Zoological Parks Authority are statutory authorities and, as a result, are excluded from the Net Appropriation Determination.